



2013 Air Quality Progress Report for North Ayrshire Council

In fulfillment of Part IV of the Environment Act 1995 Local Air Quality Management

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Cover Photo: View from Irvine Harbourside to Ardeer peninsula

Executive Summary

The Environment Act 1995 makes a requirement for Local Authorities to review and assess air quality in their areas. The Air Quality Regulations 1997 provided National Air Quality objectives for 7 key pollutants and local authorities must assess whether these objectives are liable to be met. If any area is identified where air quality objectives are not met, then the Local Authority must declare an Air Quality Management Area (AQMA).

This report was prepared in accordance with the Local Air Quality Management, Technical Guidance LAQM, TG(09) and sets out the air quality monitoring carried out in North Ayrshire, with results and conclusions.

The 2012 annual mean for nitrogen dioxide (NO₂) diffusion tube locations in Dalry continue to be below the 40μ g/m³ air quality objective with the exception of one tube that exceeded the level at 44μ g/m³. Extrapolating the data back to the closest relevant receptor gave a value of 39.9μ g/m³, illustrating that the local air quality objectives are borderline in this location. On 8 February 2012 Ministers announced that preparation work for the A737 Dalry Bypass would commence. Draft Orders for the scheme were published in Spring 2013 and subject to completion of the necessary statutory procedures, construction will start in 2014. The construction of the new bypass will resolve this matter. This location will continue to be monitored until after the completion of the project.

With regard to NO₂, it was predicted that a localised area of south High Street, Irvine would continue to be subject to elevated levels bordering on or exceeding the NO₂ air quality annual mean objective of 40μ g/m³. Currently eleven of the total twenty one district wide NO₂ diffusion tubes are situated in High Street, Irvine and nearby area.

This year there have been two exceedances in the air quality objective for NO_2 annual mean concentration of $40\mu g/m^3$. The relevant diffusion tubes are both located in the southern area of the High Street and only effect a small localised hotspot around 10m diameter. This area of the High Street in Irvine is used as a bus terminus and adjacent tubes in the same street, 10 metres away, are well within the objective level at $34\mu g/m^3$.

Plans approved in June 2013 for a new leisure centre in the vicinity of High Street, Irvine has provided an opportunity to move the bus terminus from its present location and to remove the localised hotspot without the need to declare an AQMA. Works commenced in July 2013. Greater detail will follow on this within a Detailed Assessment Report.

The automatic roadside monitoring (ROMON) unit is located nearby and recorded an NO_2 annual mean concentration of $31\mu g/m^3$, confirming that compliance with the objective for NO_2 in the majority of High Street, Irvine is being achieved.

The automated monitoring site also tests for airborne particulate matter (PM_{10}) and the annual mean was $17\mu g/m^3$ in High Street, Irvine which is a reduction from last year (2011). The Scottish annual mean air quality objective for PM_{10} set at $18\mu g/m^3$ and the European objective of $40\mu g/m^3$ were not exceeded for PM_{10} .

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1 Introduction

1.1 Description of Local Authority Area

North Ayrshire can be divided roughly into four main regional character classifications based on landscape and topography. Isle of Arran represents a landscape distinct from the mainland, whilst at the same time offering a variety of landscape types which have caused it to be referred to as 'Scotland in Miniature'. The Inner Firth of Clyde is another distinctive character area which includes the northern coastal fringe and the Cumbrae Islands. Inland from this, the topography is dominated by the Renfrew heights, which cover the northern part of North Ayrshire. These hills narrow towards a point near Ardrossan and are largely unsettled. The final area comprises the northern part of the Ayr Basin which is heavily populated in comparison with the neighbouring areas, with a dense network of roads and settlements.

The major trunk road network within North Ayrshire consists of the A78 coastal route running from Irvine, to Skelmorlie and the A737 Garnock Valley link to the M8 and Glasgow conurbation. Other major routes are the A736 to Barrhead; and the A71 to Kilmarnock road. North Ayrshire is also well served by the rail network and there are stations on the main Glasgow Central to Ayr line at Dalry, Glengarnock, Kilwinning and Irvine; served by a frequent passenger service. In addition the Largs line continues on from Kilwinning and serves the towns of Stevenston, Saltcoats, Ardrossan, West Kilbride, Fairlie and Largs.

North Ayrshire has commercial ports at Ardrossan and Hunterston; which has a deep sea terminal, and leisure facilities are also available at Largs, Irvine, Saltcoats and Millport. Ferry services connect Ardrossan to Brodick (Arran), Largs to Millport (Cumbrae), and Lochranza to Claonaig in Argyll.

Main sources of relevant pollutant exposures are from road traffic vehicles. Areas particularly affected are High Street, Irvine and Townhead Street/New Street, Dalry. Key focus of this and previous reports has been on these areas.

A map of the area is shown in Figure 1(Appendix 1).

1.2 Purpose of Progress Report

This report fulfils the requirements of the Local Air Quality Management process as set out in Part IV of the Environment Act (1995), the Air Quality Strategy for England, Scotland, Wales and Northern Ireland 2007 and the relevant Policy and Technical Guidance documents. The LAQM process places an obligation on all local authorities to regularly review and assess air quality in their areas, and to determine whether or not the air quality objectives are likely to be achieved. Where exceedances are considered likely, the local authority must then declare an Air Quality Management Area (AQMA) and prepare an Air Quality Action Plan (AQAP) setting out the measures it intends to put in place in pursuit of the objectives.

Progress Reports are required in the intervening years between the three-yearly Updating and Screening Assessment reports. Their purpose is to maintain continuity in the Local Air Quality Management process.

They are not intended to be as detailed as Updating and Screening Assessment Reports, or to require as much effort. However, if the Progress Report identifies the risk of exceedance of an Air Quality Objective, the Local Authority (LA) should undertake a Detailed Assessment immediately, and not wait until the next round of Review and Assessment.

1.3 Air Quality Objectives

The air quality objectives applicable to LAQM **in Scotland** are set out in the Air Quality (Scotland) Regulations 2000 (Scottish SI 2000 No 97), the Air Quality (Scotland) (Amendment) Regulations 2002 (Scottish SI 2002 No 297), and are shown in Table 1.1. This table shows the objectives in units of microgrammes per cubic metre (μ g/m³) and milligrammes per cubic metre (mg/m³) for carbon monoxide with the number of exceedances in each year that are permitted (where applicable).

Table 1Air Quality Objectives included in Regulations for the purpose ofLAQM in Scotland

Pollutant	Air Qualit	Date to be		
	Concentration	Measured as	achieved by	
Benzene	16.25µg/m³	Running annual mean	31.12.2003	
	3.25µg/m³	Running annual mean	31.12.2010	
1,3-Butadiene	2.25µg/m ³	Running annual mean	31.12.2003	
Carbon monoxide	10mg/m ³	Running 8-hour mean	31.12.2003	
Lead	0.50µg/m ³	Annual mean	31.12.2004	
	0.25µg/m³	Annual mean	31.12.2008	
Nitrogen dioxide	200µg/m ³ not to be exceeded more than 18 times a year	1-hour mean	31.12.2005	
	40µg/m³	Annual mean	31.12.2005	
Particulate Matter (PM ₁₀) (gravimetric)	50μg/m ³ , not to be exceeded more than 7 times a year	24-hour mean	31.12.2010	
	18µg/m³	Annual mean	31.12.2010	
Sulphur dioxide	350µg/m ³ , not to be exceeded more than 24 times a year	1-hour mean	31.12.2004	
	125µg/m ³ , not to be exceeded more than 3 times a year	24-hour mean	31.12.2004	
	266µg/m ³ , not to be exceeded more than 35 times a year	15-minute mean	31.12.2005	

1.4 Summary of Previous Review and Assessments

Report	Summary						
Stage 1 Review and Assessment (1998)	It is recommended that a second stage review and assessment b undertaken for nitrogen dioxide and that the current air qualit monitoring work in North Ayrshire be continued. This will provide data to indicate compliance with the objectives and will be useful in the next review and assessment to be undertaken before 2005.						
Stage2ReviewandAssessment(2000)	The air quality objective for nitrogen dioxide is likely to be met by the end of 2005. It will therefore not be necessary to proceed to a stage three review and assessment.						
2003 Updating and Screening Assessment	DMRB screening shows that there were no areas within North Ayrshire likely to fail the objective due to Road Traffic. The annual mean nitrogen dioxide levels over a short length of High Street, Irvine, however, are marginally in excess of the annual mean objective in 2002. When the "year correction factors" are applied, as allowed in the guidance, all Annual Mean levels for 2005 should meet the Air Quality Objective. It is believed also that the traffic management scheme, already proposed by North Ayrshire Council, will minimise the risk of any further increase.						
	Passive monitoring for nitrogen dioxide should continue in High Street, Irvine to assess the effect of the proposed traffic management scheme.						
	There are no significant industrial sources of nitrogen dioxide within North Ayrshire.						
	There is no requirement to proceed to a detailed assessment for nitrogen dioxide.						
2004 Progress	With the exception of nitrogen dioxide all guideline limits for the National Air Quality Standards shall be met for 2004.						
Report	With regard to nitrogen dioxide, it is predicted that a highly localised area of High Street, Irvine shall continue to be subject to concentration levels in excess of the guideline limit for the annual mean $(40\mu g/m^3)$ national air quality standard at the end of 2005.						
	With regard to PM_{10} , whilst the predicted estimated annual mean concentration for 2004 (21.39µg/m ³) shall be well below the U.K. Air Quality Objective, for 2010 it is predicted to be 19.75µg/m ³ , marginally exceeding the much reduced Scottish Air Quality Objective of 18µg/m ³ .						
	Passive sampling shall continue in the area to monitor ambient levels of nitrogen dioxide. Additionally, the TEOM particulate monitor is due to be re-sited in the area from May 2005 for twelve months. At the end of that period the effects of the traffic management scheme can be further assessed.						

Report	Summary							
2005 Progress	With the exception of nitrogen dioxide all guideline limits for the National Air Quality Standards shall be met for 2004.							
Report	With regard to nitrogen dioxide, a highly localised area of High Street, Irvine continues to be subject to concentration levels in excess of the guideline limit for the annual mean $(40\mu g/m^3)$ national air quality standard at the end of 2005. However, this is not an area of relevant public exposure. Consequently, a detailed assessment for nitrogen dioxide remains unnecessary.							
	There is no need to proceed to a detailed assessment for any of the seven air pollutants.							
2006 Updating and Screening Assessment	The Annual Mean Objective for nitrogen dioxide is now being complied with throughout North Ayrshire as demonstrated by passive monitoring. However, monitoring should continue, especially in High Street, Irvine, to ensure the improvement in air quality is maintained.							
Report	DMRB screening shows that there are no further areas within North Ayrshire, which are likely to fail the objective due to road traffic.							
	There are no significant industrial sources of nitrogen dioxide within, either North Ayrshire or neighbouring areas that would adversely affect local air quality in North Ayrshire.							
2007 Progress	All guideline limits for the National Air Quality Standards should be met for 2010.							
Report	With regard to nitrogen dioxide, it is predicted that a highly localised area of High Street, Irvine may have concentrations levels in excess of the guideline limit for the annual mean $(40\mu g/m^3)$ national air quality standard. However it is expected that a new updated traffic management scheme will see these figures fall. On the advice of the Scottish Government and the Scottish Environment Protection Agency, a detailed assessment for nitrogen dioxide will be carried out for this area.							
2008 Progress Report & Detailed Assessment	NO_2 monitoring results for Townhead Street, Dalry and New Street, Dalry show exceedances for the 40μ g/m ³ level limit. Previous modelling of this area suggested there would be no breaches, however the modelling did not fully account for stationary traffic on an incline at traffic lights.							
	A highly localised area at the façade of 75 High Street, Irvine may continue to be subject to concentration levels in excess of the guideline limit for the annual mean $(40\mu g/m^3)$ national air quality standard.							
	With regard to PM_{10} , whilst the predicted estimated annual mean concentration for 2004 (21.39µg/m ³) shall be well below the U.K. Air Quality Objective, for 2010 it is predicted to be 19.75µg/m ³ , marginally exceeding the much reduced Scottish Air Quality Objective of $18µg/m^3$.							

Report	Summary
2008 Progress Report & Detailed Assessment (cont)	With regards to Townhead Street/New Street, Dalry North Ayrshire Council shall progress to a detailed assessment of NO ₂ once a full calendar year of data is available. However the narrowness of the street and the level of traffic flow will limit the options for carrying out more detailed monitoring in the area.
2009 Air Quality Updating and Screening Assessment	High Street, Irvine continues to have erratic results bordering on the 40 μ g/m ³ limit. The results do not warrant declaration of an AQMA. However all sampling locations, old and new, will remain within the monitoring programme to establish a more accurate picture of nitrogen dioxide levels in this locality.
	High Street, Irvine will continue to be closely monitored using nitrogen dioxide diffusion tubes and the automatic monitoring site (ROMON) located in High Street, Irvine which will also be operational for 2009. The ROMON contains a BAM and NO2 analyser and will allow better analysis of NO2 daily trends to identify keys sources affecting the higher readings at tubes in this location.
	The ROMON will also be the site used in 2009 for a co-location study for nitrogen dioxide diffusion tubes.
	Nitrogen dioxide levels in Townhead Street/New Street, Dalry continue to exceed $40\mu g/m^3$ at two relevant locations and are consistent in suggesting a strong correlation with previous traffic congestion in the area. At the time of the report, 2009 monitoring had shown a reduction in levels as a result of the new traffic management system put in place.
2010 Progress Report	With regard to nitrogen dioxide (NO ₂), it was predicted that a localised area of High Street, Irvine would continue to be subject to elevated levels bordering or exceeding the guideline limit for the annual mean $(40\mu g/m^3)$ national air quality standard. There has been increased focus and sampling in this area with additional diffusion tube monitoring sites established to better define the extent of any possible exceedances. Of the total 37 diffusion tubes in North Ayrshire Council, 17 are located in High Street, Irvine within a 50m stretch of road.
	This year there have been no annual mean exceedances for High Street, Irvine , however this area will continue to be intensely monitored until long term trends are established.
	Previous NO ₂ monitoring results (2007 & 2008) for Townhead Street, Dalry and New Street, Dalry showed consistent exceedances for the 40 μ g/m ³ level limit.
	The 2009 report concluded that a full calendar year of data for 2009 would be required to assess the impact of the traffic management system.

Report	Summary
2010 Progress Report (cont)	The 2009 annual mean concentrations for NO ₂ diffusion tube locations in Dalry were all below the $40\mu g/m^3$ level limit, suggesting the newly implemented traffic management system has been successful. These locations will be continued to be closely monitored until long term trends are established and there is significant confidence that the levels will remain below the objective limits.
2011 Progress Report & Detailed	Monitoring data for 2010 has shown that 3 very localised NO ₂ diffusion tubes, out of a total of 37, failed to meet the air quality objective. All other NO ₂ diffusion tube sites and automatic monitoring complied with the 40μ g/m ³ NO ₂ air quality objective set out in the directive.
Assessment	The 3 tubes that failed the objective are located in High Street, Irvine, adjacent to a major bus route in the town. Diffusion tube monitoring has shown that the area is highly localised and only covers an area approximately 10m wide. The next nearest tubes are about 10m away and had NO ₂ annual mean concentrations of $31 \mu g/m^3$ and $33 \mu g/m^3$. All the remaining tubes in the same vicinity ranged between $25 \mu g/m^3$ and $32 \mu g/m^3$ confirming that the majority of the street used by the buses complies with the air quality objective and the exceedances are concentrated in a very focused spot.
	The Scottish air quality objective of $18\mu g/m^3$ for PM ₁₀ , was exceeded by $1\mu g/m^3$ in High Street, Irvine. The European Directive air quality directive ($40\mu g/m^3$)was not exceeded.
	For the second year running, annual mean concentration of NO_2 in Townhead Street/New Street continues to meet the air quality objective. However the results are borderline and this are will continue to be closely monitored.
	A review of NO ₂ diffusion tube sampling locations was undertaken to identify areas where sampling could confidently be reduced. The results of this and any changes will be included in the 2012 Report. The colocation NO ₂ diffusion tubes will continue to be used to provide locally derived bias adjustment factors.

Report	Summary
2012 Progress Report & Detailed	NO_2 diffusion tube monitoring data for 2011 has shown exceedances for High street Irvine and New Street, Dalry. All other NO_2 diffusion tube sites and automatic monitoring complied with the 40μ g/m ³ NO_2 air quality objective set out in the directive.
Assessment	The two tubes that failed the objective located in High Street, Irvine are adjacent to a major bus route through the town. This street is the hub of the public transport (buses) serving North Ayrshire.
	Diffusion tube monitoring has shown that the exceedance area is highly localised and only covers and area approximately 10m wide. The two nearest tubes are about 10m away and both revealed NO ₂ annual mean concentrations of 34μ g/m ³ . All the remaining tubes in the vicinity ranged between 25μ g/m ³ and 34μ g/m ³ , confirming that the street overall complies with the air quality objective and the exceedances are concentrated in one spot.
	Annual mean concentration of NO ₂ in Townhead Street/New Street, generally met the air quality objective, however there was one tube that exceeded the 40μ g/m ³ objective with a measurement of 42μ g/m ³ . Extrapolating the data back to the receptor would suggest that the actual annual mean would be 38.2μ g/m ³ .

2 New Monitoring Data

2.1 Summary of Monitoring Undertaken

2.1.1 Automatic Monitoring Sites

The Groundhog mobile monitoring unit was replaced by a fixed ROMON unit containing NO2 analyser and Beta Attenuation Monitor for PM_{10} . This monitoring station has been operational since early 2009 and is the site being used for the colocation tubes. The unit is permanently located here and unlike previous monitoring using the Groundhog is not part of a shared scheme, which will allow for full calendar year data to be collected.

There have been operational problems with data collection ever since the unit was commissioned with gaps in data being sent via the modem. Funding had been granted for 2012 to allow the purchase of a web logger which has resolved this problem and has ensured better data capture over the year.

Calibration checks are conducted every 2 weeks on site by Local Authority Officers and collected data is forwarded to AEA Technologies who validate and ratify the data. The unit is calibrated by AEA Technologies every 6 months. AEA reports are included in Appendix 2.

Detail of the automatic monitoring sites is shown in Table 2 overleaf.

All collected data is available on the Scottish Air Quality website <u>www.scottishairquality.co.uk</u>.

Figure 2 Map(s) of Automatic Monitoring Sites

The location of the ROMON is shown on the Irvine High Street maps in Appendix 3.

Table 2Details of Automatic Monitoring Sites

Site ID	Site Name	Site Type	X OS Grid Reference	Y OS Grid Reference	Inlet Height (m)	Pollutants Monitored	In AQMA?	Monitoring Technique	Relevant Exposure? (Y/N with distance (m) from monitoring site to relevant exposure)	Distance to Kerb of Nearest Road (m) (N/A if not applicable)	Does this Location Represent Worst- Case Exposure?
	GroundHog	Kerbside	232188	638861		NO2, PM10, CO	Permanently replaced		by ROMON b	eginning of :	2009
CM1	ROMON	Kerbside	232188	638861	2.0m	NO2, PM10	No	Chemiluminescence, & BAM	Y ~25m	2.5m	Y

2.1.2 Non-Automatic Monitoring Sites

Monitoring of nitrogen dioxide was undertaken at 22 sites using passive diffusion tubes. Tubes were previously relocated during 2008 from long term sites to more important positions within Detailed Assessment areas (High Street, Irvine and Townhead/New Street, Dalry).

Figure 3 Map(s) of Non-Automatic Monitoring Sites

Maps of Non-Automatic Monitoring Sites and surrounding areas are included in Appendix 4 whilst their details are shown in table 3 below.

Site ID			Site	X	Y	Site	Pollutants	In	Is monitoring collocated	Relevant Exposure? (Y/N with	Distance to kerb of nearest	Does this location
No.	Unique Ref No. (URN)	Name	Туре	OS Grid Ref	OS Grid Ref	Height (m)	Monitored	AQMA?	with a Continuous Analyser (Y/N)	distance (m) to relevant exposure)	road (N/A if not applicable)	represent worst-case exposure?
1	199802	35 East Road Irvine	к	232323	638892		NO ₂	N	Ν	N	5m	Ν
2	200801	18 Bank St, Irvine	к	232202	638952		NO ₂	N	N	Y (1m)	3m	Y
3	200101	147 High Street, Irvine	к	232077	638990		NO ₂	N	N	Y	3m	Y
4	200805	85 High St, Irvine	к	232158	638882		NO ₂	N	N	Y (1m)	3m	Y
5	199807	79 High St, Irvine	к	232169	638878		NO ₂	N	N	N	1m	Y
6	200806	75 High St, Irvine HIGH	к	232170	638871		NO ₂	N	N	Y (1m)	3m	Y
7	200807	71 High St, Irvine	к	232174	638868		NO ₂	N	N	Y (1m)	3m	Y
8	199901	65a High Street, Irvine, (ROMON)	к	232188	638861		NO ₂	N	Y	N	2.5m	Y
9	200701	65 High Street, Irvine, (ROMON)	к	232188	638861		NO ₂	N	Y	N	2.5m	Y
10	200702	63 High Street, Irvine, (ROMON)	к	232188	638861		NO ₂	N	Y	N	2.5m	Y
11	199809	34 Kirkgate Irvine	UB	232085	638774		NO ₂	N	N	N	N/A	N
12	199902	25 Main Rd, Springside	к	236813	638659		NO ₂	N	Ν	N	N/A	Ν
13	200001	Auchengate (Bridge)	SP	233332	635558		NO ₂	N	Ν	N	N/A	N

Table 3Details of Non- Automatic Monitoring Sites

										North A	Ayrshire Co	uncil
No.	Unique Ref No.	Site ID Name	Site Type	X OS Grid Ref	Y OS Grid Ref	Site Height (m)	Pollutants Monitored	In AQMA?	Is monitoring collocated with a Continuous Analyser	Relevant Exposure? (Y/N with distance (m) to relevant	Distance to kerb of nearest road (N/A if not	Does this location represent worst-case exposure?
	(URN)								(Y/N)	exposure)	applicable)	exposure:
14	199811	Dalry Rd , Kilwinning	к	229928	643400		NO ₂	N	N	N	N/A	Ν
15	201101	Vernon St, Saltcoats	к	224697	641366		NO ₂	N	N	N	1m	Y
16	200703	12 Garnock St, Dalry	UB	229326	649250		NO ₂	N	N	Y (1m)	1.5	N
17	200808	67 New St, Dalry	к	229338	649337		NO ₂	N	N	Y (1m)	2m	Y
18	200705	45 New St Dalry	к	229286	649365		NO ₂	N	N	Y (1m)	1.5m	Y
19	200708	2 Townhead St, Dalry	к	229230	649338		NO ₂	N	N	Y (1m)	2m	Y
20	199907	Highfield Hamlet , Dalry	к	230943	650280		NO ₂	N	N	N	N/A	N
21	199812	85 Main Street , Largs	к	220333	659322		NO ₂	N	N	N	N/A	N
22	200007	Hunterston Road	SP	219582	650020		NO ₂	N	N	N	N/A	N
7a	201201	Princes St/Glasgow St, Ardrossan	К	219582	650020		NO2	N	N	N	2m	Y

Potential AQMA Locations

New Sampling Site for 2012

2.2 Comparison of Monitoring Results with Air Quality Objectives

2.2.1 Nitrogen Dioxide (NO₂)

Nitrogen dioxide continues to be the primary pollutant of concern in the North Ayrshire district. Key affected areas are Townhead Street/New Street, Dalry and High Street, Irvine. There were exceedances for the Annual Mean objective in both locations and this is discussed in greater detail in the Conclusions.

With specific reference to the exceedances in the Dalry area, proposals have been submitted for a by-pass to be built which would divert the majority of traffic round the town addressing this problem.

Automatic Monitoring Data

North Ayrshire Council had its first official co-location study start in 2009 which has been continued for each report since then. The sampling point for the co-location is at the ROMON site, High Street, Irvine, where NO_2 diffusion tubes are located ~20cm away from the ROMON sampling inlet. Results are shown in Tables 4 and 5 below.

The corresponding data was entered in the "Checking Precision and Accuracy of Triplicate Tubes" spreadsheet provided by AEA Energy & Environment (Appendix 5). The resulting Bias Correction Factor is **0.91**.

Table 4 Results of Automatic Monitoring for NO₂: Comparison with <u>Annual Mean</u> Objective

Site ID	Site Type	Within AQMA?	Valid Data Capture for Monitoring	Valid Data Capture 2012	ŀ	Annual Mea	n Concentra	entration (μg/m ³) D 2011 2012				
		AQIVIA :	Period %	%	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012			
ROMON	Kerbside	Ν	88.7	88.7		26	34	31	31			

Table 5 Results of Automatic Monitoring for NO₂: Comparison with <u>1-hour Mean</u> Objective

Site ID	Site Type	Within AQMA?	Valid Data Capture for period of monitoring %	Valid Data Capture 2012 %	Number o 2008	of Exceedar 2009	nces of Hou 2010	rly Mean (2 2011	00 μg/m ³) 2012*
ROMON	Kerbside	Ν	88.7	88.7		0	1	0	0*

*99.8th percentile of hourly means $117 \mu g/m^3$

In bold, exceedance of the NO₂ hourly mean AQS objective $(200\mu g/m^3 - not to be exceeded more than$ **18 times**per year)

Diffusion Tube Monitoring Data

The most recent review of diffusion tube locations was in 2011, resulting in sampling ceasing at a number of sites. Most of the long term background sites have been retained to allow comparison when selecting the most appropriate bias factor. A table containing the last 10 years historical data for NO_2 diffusion tube monitoring annual mean results is included in Appendix 6. The table also reflects all the changes in sampling locations throughout this period.

Results of NO₂ Diffusion Tubes are shown in Tables 6, 7 and 8 below.

Table 6Results of NO2 Diffusion Tubes 2012

Site ID	Location	Site Type	Within AQMA?	Triplicate or Collocated Tube	Full Calendar Year Data Capture 2012 (Number of Months or %) a	2012 Annual Mean Concentration (µg/m3) - Bias Adjustment factor = 0.91
1	35 East Road Irvine	K	Ν	Ν	92%	27
2	18 Bank St, Irvine	К	Ν	Ν	92%	28
3	147 High Street, Irvine	K	Ν	Ν	92%	31
4	85 High St, Irvine	K	Ν	Ν	92%	34
5	79 High St, Irvine	K	Ν	Ν	92%	59
6	75 High St, Irvine HIGH	K	N	N	92%	46
7	71 High St, Irvine	K	Ν	Ν	33%	42

Site ID	Location	Site Type	Within AQMA?	Triplicate or Collocated Tube	Full Calendar Year Data Capture 2012 (Number of Months or %) a	2012 Annual Mean Concentration (µg/m3) - Bias Adjustment factor = 0.91
8	65a High Street, Irvine, (ROMON)	K	N	Triplicate & Collocated	92%	32
9	65 High Street, Irvine, (ROMON)	K	Ν	Triplicate & Collocated	92%	32
10	63 High Street, Irvine, (ROMON)	К	Ν	Triplicate & Collocated	92%	33
11	34 Kirkgate Irvine	UB	Ν	Ν	92%	14
12	25 Main Rd, Springside	К	Ν	Ν	92%	19
13	Auchengate (Bridge)	SP	Ν	Ν	92%	13
14	Dalry Rd , Kilwinning	К	Ν	Ν	92%	26
15	Vernon St, Saltcoats	K	Ν	Ν	92%	25
16	12 Garnock St, Dalry	UB	Ν	Ν	92%	14

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Site ID	Location	Site Type	Within AQMA?	Triplicate or Collocated Tube	Full Calendar Year Data Capture 2012 (Number of Months or %) a	2012 Annual Mean Concentration (μg/m3) - Bias Adjustment factor = 0.91
17	67 New St, Dalry	К	Ν	Ν	92%	36
18	45 New St Dalry	К	N	N	92%	44
19	2 Townhead St, Dalry	K	N	N	92%	33
20	Highfield Hamlet , Dalry	K	Ν	Ν	92%	21
21	85 Main Street, Largs	K	Ν	Ν	92%	24
22	Hunterston Road	SP	Ν	N	83%	7
7a	Princes St/Glasgow St, Ardrossan	К	Ν	Ν	58%	20

Potential AQMA Locations

New Site for 2012

Table 7Results of NO2 Diffusion Tubes (2008 to 2012)

			Within	A	nnual mean cond	centration (adjus	ısted for bias) μg/m³		
	Site ID	Site Type	Within AQMA?	2008 (Bias Adjustment Factor = 0.87)	2009 (Bias Adjustment Factor = 0.96)	2010 (Bias Adjustment Factor = 0.93)	2011 (Bias Adjustment Factor = 0.79)	2012 (Bias Adjustment Factor = 0.91)	
1	35 East Road Irvine	К	N	24	25	27	23	27	
2	18 Bank St, Irvine	К	N	33	26	27	26	28	
3	147 High Street, Irvine	К	N	34	29	26	30	31	
4	85 High St, Irvine	К	N	34	27	31	34	34	
5	79 High St, Irvine		N	39	37	50	54	59	
6	75 High St, Irvine HIGH	К	N	47	37	41	46	46	
7	71 High St, Irvine	К	N	35	29	33	34	39.7 (Annualised) (4 months)	

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				A	nnual mean cond	centration (adjus	ted for bias) μg/r	n ³
	Site ID	Site Type	Within AQMA?	2008 (Bias Adjustment Factor = 0.87)	2009 (Bias Adjustment Factor = 0.96)	2010 (Bias Adjustment Factor = 0.93)	2011 (Bias Adjustment Factor = 0.79)	2012 (Bias Adjustment Factor = 0.91)
8	65a High Street, Irvine, (ROMON)	к	N	31	27	32	30	32
9	65 High Street, Irvine, (ROMON)	К	N	30	29	31	31	32
10	63 High Street, Irvine, (ROMON)	К	N	29	30	31	31	33
11	34 Kirkgate Irvine	UB	N	8	16	14	14	14
12	25 Main Rd, Springside	К	N	16	17	17	16	19
13	Auchengate (Bridge)	SP	N	12	15	13	12	13
14	Dalry Rd , Kilwinning	к	N	19	21	21	23	26
15	Vernon St, Saltcoats	К	N				23	25

North Ayrshire Council

				A	nnual mean cond	centration (adjus	ted for bias) μg/r	m ³
	Site ID	Site Type	Within AQMA?	2008 (Bias Adjustment Factor = 0.87)	2009 (Bias Adjustment Factor = 0.96)	2010 (Bias Adjustment Factor = 0.93)	2011 (Bias Adjustment Factor = 0.79)	2012 (Bias Adjustment Factor = 0.91)
16	12 Garnock St, Dalry	UB	N	11	15	15	11	14
17	67 New St, Dalry	К	N	34	34	33	32	36
18	45 New St Dalry	К	N	45	39	37	42	44
19	2 Townhead St, Dalry	К	N	26	25	30	30	33
20	Highfield Hamlet , Dalry	К	N	15	21	19	20	21
21	85 Main Street, Largs	К	N	22	19	23	19	24
22	Hunterston Road	SP	N	5	8	6	6	7
7a	Princes St/Glasgow St Ardrossan	К	N					19.7 (Annualised) (7 months)

In **bold**, exceedance of the NO_2 annual mean AQS objective of $40\mu\text{g/m}^3$

Table 8Annualised Data

Site: 71 High, St Irvine (4 months)

Long Term Site	Annual Mean 2012 (Am)	Period Mean 2012 (Pm)	Ratio (Am/Pm)
A. Glasgow Anderston	33µg/m ³	37.3μg/m ³	0.885
B. Grangemouth Moray	20µg/m ³	19.8µg/m ³	1.010
C. Falkirk Grangemouth MC	24µg/m ³	25.5μg/m ³	0.941
		Average (R _a)	0.945
Data Sources:			

	Jan	Feb	Mar	Apr	Мау	Jun	Jul	Aug	Sep	Oct	Nov	Dec
Glasgow Anderston	42	45	32	30	30	29	20	22	20	39	43	48
_	99%	99%	100%	85%	99%	83%	88%	100%	100%	99%	99%	89%
Grangemouth Moray	22	20	19	18	22	19	14	14	10	22	25	29
_	96%	96%	100%	100%	99%	100%	99%	99%	85%	100%	99%	100%
Falkirk Grangemouth MC	30	29	24	19	20	15	16	19	18	30	36	37
	96%	99%	100%	100%	96%	100%	99%	100%	100%	52%	100%	100%

Estimated Annual Mean = Mean Concentration (**M**) x Average Ratio (R_a) = $42\mu g/m^3 x 0.945 = 39.69\mu g/m^3$

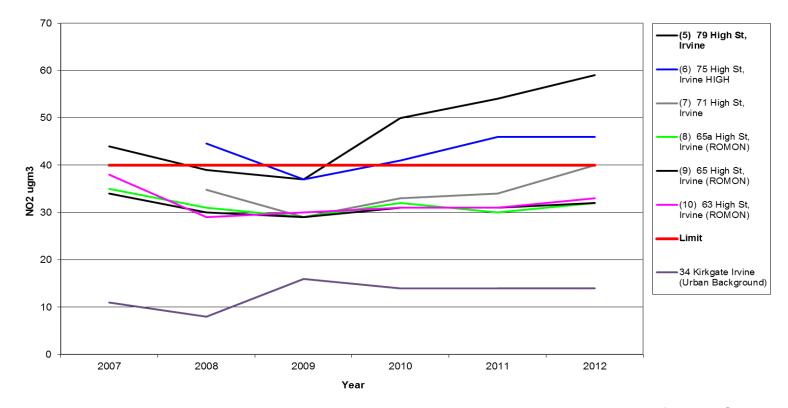
Site: 7a Princes St/Glasgow St, Ardrossan (7 months)

Long Term Site		Annu	ual Mean	2012 (Am	n)	Period Mean 2012 (Pm)				Ratio (Am/Pm)		
D. Glasgow Anderston		33μg/m ³				33.0			1.000			
E. Grangemouth Moray		20µg/	μg/m ³ 20.1					0.995				
F. Falkirk Grangemout	n MC		24µg/	m ³		25.0			0.960			
							Ave	rage (R _a)		0.98	35	
Data Sources:									•			
	Jan	Feb	Mar	Apr	May	Jun	Jul	Aug	Sep	Oct	Nov	Dec
Glasgow Anderston	42	45	32	30	30	29	20	22	20	39	43	48
	99%	99%	100%	85%	99%	83%	88%	100%	100%	99%	99%	89%
Grangemouth Moray	22	20	19	18	22	19	14	14	10	22	25	29

100% 100% 99% 99% 100% 96% 96% 99% 100% 85% 99% 100% **Falkirk Grangemouth MC** 30 29 24 19 20 15 16 19 18 30 36 37 96% 99% 100% 100% 100% 100% 52% 100% 96% 99% 100% 100%

Estimated Annual Mean = Mean Concentration (**M**) x Average Ratio (\mathbf{R}_a) = 20 μ g/m³ x 0.985 = <u>19.70 μ g/m³</u>

Figure 3 Trends in Annual Mean Nitrogen Dioxide Concentrations Measured at Diffusion Tube Monitoring Sites



NO2 Trends - High Street, Irvine

NO₂ annual mean results over the past 5 years illustrate compliance with the air quality objectives in 2009 for High Street, Irvine, however there has been a steady increase since then. Comparison with the urban background NO₂ diffusion tube in Kirkgate, Irvine which has remained steady over the last 3 years would suggest an actual increase in NO₂ levels for High Street, Irvine

2.2.2 Particulate Matter (PM₁₀)

The automatic monitoring site (ROMON) also houses a Met-One Beta Attenuation Monitor (BAM) which has been monitoring PM_{10} since the ROMON was commissioned in February 2009. The monitor is checked every 2 weeks during calibration of the NO₂ monitor and the filter tape is replaced every 8 weeks. This unit continues to be a permanent installation and will allow data collection for each full year.

The Short Term Air Quality objective of " $50\mu g/m^3$ (24 Hour Mean) not to be exceeded more than **7 times** a year" has not been exceeded during any monitoring. However, the Scottish annual mean concentration limit of $18\mu g/m^3$ was exceeded in 2010 by $1\mu g/m^3$. There have been no exceedances in 2012 for the annual mean objective for PM₁₀ which averaged $17\mu g/m^3$

The European Air Quality objective of 40μ g/m³ has never been exceeded at this location.

Quality Assurance & Quality Control details are included in Appendix 7.

Table 9 Results of Automatic Monitoring for PM₁₀: Comparison with <u>Annual Mean</u> Objective

Site ID	Site Type		Valid Data Capture for monitoring Period %	Capture	•	Annual Mean Concentration μ g/m ³					
						2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	
ROMON	Kerbiside	Ν	95.7	95.7	Y (Factor 0.83333)		18	19	18	17	

In bold, exceedance of the PM₁₀ annual mean AQS objective of 18µg/m³

Table 10 Results of Automatic Monitoring for PM₁₀: Comparison with <u>24-hour Mean</u> Objective

Site ID	Site Type	Within AQMA?	Valid Data Capture for monitoring Period %		Confirm Gravimetric Equivalent	Number of Exceedances of 24-Hour Mean (50 μ g/m ³)					
						2008*	2009	2010	2011	2012	
ROMON	Kerbside	Ν	95.7	95.7	Y (Factor 0.83333)		1	0	0	2	

In **bold**, exceedance of the PM₁₀ **daily mean** AQS objective ($50\mu g/m^3$ – not to be exceeded <u>more than 7 times</u> per year)

2.2.3 Sulphur Dioxide (SO₂)

Monitoring for sulphur dioxide and smoke has been discontinued in North Ayrshire since 2004. Historical monitoring data is available for nearly every town in the area and there is no indication from these results that the air quality standard is likely to be breached even around local industrial sources.

Previous reviews concluded that:

- 1. The extensive smoke control programme undertaken by Cunninghame District Council has improved sulphur dioxide levels in the area due to the shift to natural gas and electricity.
- 2. The extensive historical monitoring programmes for sulphur dioxide in North Ayrshire covered every urban area.
- 3. There is no need to progress to a detailed assessment for sulphur dioxide.
- 4. The rail link serving North Ayrshire is electrified therefore there are very few diesel-powered passenger trains each day. Goods trains on the network are diesel-powered. There are no major stockyards apart from those serving Hunterston coal terminal. These, however, are not within 15 metres of a relevant location, nor are there any stations or signal junctions where diesel locomotives are likely to be stationary for 15 minutes or more within 15 metres of a relevant exposure.

There has been no evidence of any change to sulphur dioxide production or release in North Ayrshire. Similarly, there has been no development likely to result in any increase in sulphur dioxide levels at locations where there could be relevant public exposure.

2.2.4 Benzene

No recent monitoring of benzene has been undertaken. However, previous reviews have concluded that:

- There was no significant industrial source of benzene located either within North Ayrshire or neighbouring areas likely to adversely affect air quality within North Ayrshire.
- 2. There was no need to proceed to a detailed assessment for benzene.

Since the last report there has been no evidence of any change to benzene production or release in North Ayrshire. Similarly, there has been no development likely to result in any increase in benzene levels at locations where there could be relevant public exposure.

2.2.5 Other Pollutants Monitored

Radiation Monitoring

North Ayrshire Council previously had a Radiation – Food and Environment Programme which involved collecting monthly samples of foods, soils, seawater, etc for analysis by Glasgow Scientific Services, for the purpose of monitoring background levels of radiation in the environment. This sampling programme was terminated in 2010. However it is intended to re-start this sampling programme this year.

Additional environmental monitoring continues to be conducted by officers on a monthly basis using a portable Mini 680 monitor to measure background levels of radiation at 7 sites located throughout the district.

Dust Deposition

Three dust deposit gauges located in Fairlie specifically to monitor dust from the coal stockyard at Clydeport Hunterston were reduced to two in 2011. The dust deposit gauges are checked every month in conjunction with the NO₂ diffusion tubes being changed. The samples are sent to Glasgow Scientific Services and analysed for

total rainfall, pH, Total Dissolved Solids (TDS), Total Dried Undissolved Matter (TDUM), Combustible Matter and ash. Reports will include breakdown of additional parameters (metals etc) if detected at significant levels.

There are no British Standards with which to compare results. Assessment is based on any significant changes in the amount of particulates, etc which are present in the samples.

2.2.6 Summary of Compliance with AQS Objectives

North Ayrshire Council has measured concentrations of Nitrogen Dioxide above the annual mean objective at relevant locations, and will need to proceed to a Detailed Assessment*, for High Street, Irvine.

*There were 3 failures for NO₂ diffusion tubes within North Ayrshire which were located in:

• High Street, Irvine – *Detailed assessment available (2012 report)

This is a known hot spot anomaly at a bus stance and is well documented in previous reports. All other tubes in this street were all below the local air quality objectives.

• New Leisure Centre Proposals, Townhead Street, Irvine

These proposals have presented the opportunity to move the bus stance.

• Townhead Street/New Street, Dalry

There are now submitted proposals to have a bypass to serve Dalry which will remove the bulk of the traffic affecting this area.

There is a separate Detailed Assessment Report (2012) which has considered the exceedances in this location.

3 New Local Developments

3.1 Road Traffic Sources

North Ayrshire Council confirms that there are no new road traffic sources.

3.2 Other Transport Sources

North Ayrshire Council confirms that there are no new sources from other transport.

3.3 Industrial Sources

The 2012 Updating and Screening Assessment reported that were proposals to have a coal fired power station located at Hunterston, Clydeport, Fairlie. This application has been refused and no appeal has been made.

North Ayrshire Council confirms that there are no new industrial sources.

3.4 Commercial and Domestic Sources

North Ayrshire Council confirms that there are no new sources in the Local Authority area.

3.5 New Developments with Fugitive or Uncontrolled Sources

North Ayrshire Council confirms that there are no potential sources of fugitive particulate matter emissions in the Local Authority area.

North Ayrshire Council confirms that there are no new or newly identified local developments which may have an impact on air quality within the Local Authority area.

North Ayrshire Council confirms that all the following have been considered:

- Road traffic sources
- Other transport sources
- Industrial sources
- Commercial and domestic sources
- New developments with fugitive or uncontrolled sources.

4 **Planning Applications**

The proposal for a new leisure centre in High Street, Irvine has been approved and will now go ahead. Within Irvine town centre there is currently considerable streetscaping taking place within Brigdegate with this extending out to Irvine High Street in due course.

As part of the town centre regeneration the roads and street infrastructure and bus routes are currently under review. Environmental Health are liaising with Development Planning (Roads) with a view to having the pollution hotspot in High Street, Irvine resolved by revising the bus routes which are the main contributor to NO₂ pollution in this area.

5 **Conclusions and Proposed Actions**

5.1 **Conclusions from New Monitoring Data**

 NO_2 diffusion tube monitoring data for 2012 has shown exceedances for High street Irvine and New Street, Dalry. All other NO_2 diffusion tube sites and automatic monitoring complied with the 40μ g/m³ NO_2 air quality objective set out in the directive. See Appendices 11-15 for Irvine and Appendices 16-21 for Dalry.

The two tubes that continue to fail the objective are located in the southern area of High Street, Irvine and are adjacent to a major bus route through the town which has been well documented and has been the main focus of the 2012 Detailed Assessment.

Diffusion tube monitoring has shown that the exceedance area is highly localised and only covers and area approximately 10m wide. The two next immediate tubes are about 10m away and both revealed NO₂ annual mean concentrations of 34μ g/m³, or less, which is consistent with all other NO₂ monitoring locations in the town centre.

5.2 Conclusions relating to New Local Developments

Irvine

Approved plans for a new leisure centre and significant regeneration of Irvine town centre has acted as a catalyst to facilitate changes which are expected to address the pollution hotspot in High Street, Irvine.

The existence of a small localised hotspot in High Street, Irvine is well documented in previous annual reports and was examined in the recent Detailed Assessment. All information indicates that the main contributor to the problem are the buses which use High Street.

As part of the complete regeneration of the town centre, the bus routes and bus stops are under review and subject to change with the primary objective of addressing the excess numbers of buses clustering in the south end of the High Street.

Dalry

Funding had been approved for additional monitoring equipment in this area to assess pollution from PM_{10} . Later in the year plans were submitted detailing proposals for a bypass to be constructed diverting traffic away from the town. On 8 February 2012 Ministers announced that preparation work for the A737 Dalry Bypass would commence. Draft Orders for the scheme were published in Spring 2013 and subject to completion of the necessary statutory procedures, construction is expected to start in 2014. On this basis it was decided not to increase monitoring in this area, however NO_2 diffusion tube monitoring will continue until after the completion of the new road to allow comparison.

5.3 Proposed Actions

Air quality in North Ayrshire continues to comply with the air quality objectives laid out in the directives with the exception of a very unique and abnormal hotspot located in southern area of High Street, Irvine. All other sections of High Street easily comply with the air quality objective of $40\mu g/m^3$ with annual levels of NO₂ for 2012 as low as $31\mu g/m^3$ and not exceeding $34\mu g/m^3$. In other parts of the town the levels are as low as $27\mu g/m^3$ (East Road) down to $14\mu g/m^3$ (Kirkgate).

The guidance suggests that where there are exceedances in air quality objectives then an Air Quality Management Area (AQMA) should be declared and subsequent action plans prepared to address the problems. Considering the scale of the single hotspot in High Street, Irvine, together with total compliance of the NO₂ objective elsewhere in the whole street and the rest of the town, it is felt this may be a disproportionate course of action to remedy the situation.

Declaring an AQMA can be a long and protracted process and can place huge demands on resources. The regeneration works are well underway and discussions are already taking place to consider how the bus routes serve the town centre and the roads that they will utilise. In order to achieve a speedy resolution, North Ayrshire plan to capitalise on the fortuitous timing of the regeneration of the town centre and utilise this opportunity to make the necessary changes to achieve the required reduction in NO_2 at the High Street, Irvine hotspot, thereby achieving the same objectives and outcome as an AQMA without the need to declare.

A Detailed Assessment will be submitted in the near future discussing the way forward with regard to town centre developments and traffic control.

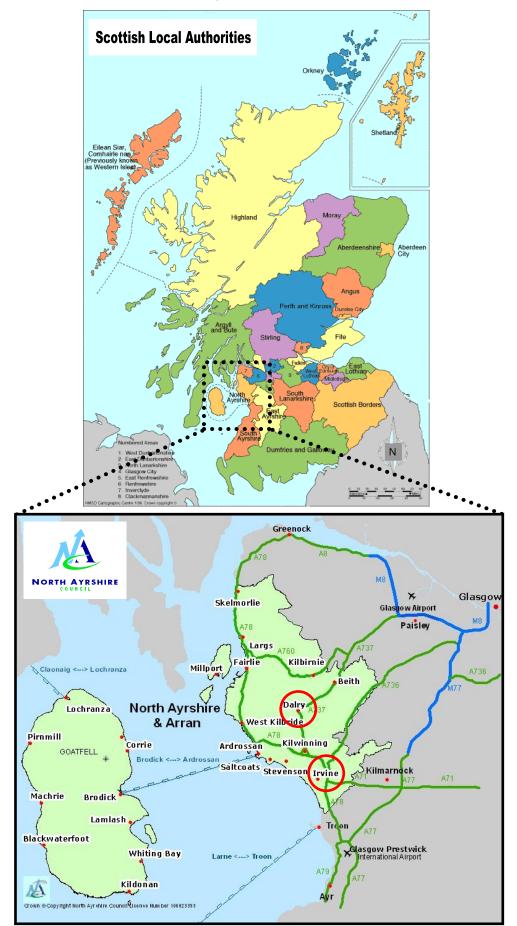
6 References

- 1. Local Air Quality Management, Technical Guidance LAQM.TG (09), February 2009.
- 2. Checking Precision and Accuracy of Triplicate Tubes (Version 05 Feb 2012) . (Appendix 5)
- WASP Summary R112-119 1 Summary of Laboratory Performance in WASP NO2 Proficiency Testing Scheme for Rounds 112-119. (LAQM Helpdesk – December 2012)
- 4. Detailed Assessment of Nitrogen Dioxide Concentrations in High Street, Irvine for North Ayrshire Council Feb 2013 (TSI Scotland)

North Ayrshire Council

Appendices

Appendix 1: Figure 1. District Map of Locality & Surrounding Area



Appendix 2: AEA Air Pollution Report



Produced by Ricardo-AEA on behalf of the Scottish Government

NORTH AYRSHIRE IRVINE HIGH ST 1st January to 31st December 2012

These data have been fully ratified by Ricardo-AEA

POLLUTANT	PM ₁₀ *	NO ₂	NO _X
Maximum hourly mean	87 µg m⁻³	157 µg m⁻³	609 µg m ⁻³
Maximum daily mean	64 µg m⁻³	85 µg m⁻³	224 µg m⁻³
99.8th percentile of hourly means	-	117 µg m⁻³	-
Average	17 µg m⁻³	31 µg m⁻³	76 µg m⁻³
Data capture	95.7 %	88.7 %	88.7 %

* PM₁₀ instruments:

BAM using a gravimetric factor of 0.83333 for Indicative Gravimetric Equivalent from 1st January 2012

All gaseous pollutant mass units are at 20°C and 1013 mb. Particulate matter concentrations are reported at ambient temperature and pressure.

 NO_X mass units are NO_X as $NO_2 \mu g m^{-3}$

Pollutant	Air Quality Regulations (2000) and Air Quality (Scotland) Amendment Regulations 2002	Exceedances	Days
PM ₁₀ Particulate Matter (Gravimetric)	Daily mean > 50 μ g m ⁻³	2	2
PM ₁₀ Particulate Matter (Gravimetric)	Annual mean > 18 μg m ⁻³	0	-
Nitrogen Dioxide	Annual mean > 40 μg m ⁻³	0	-
Nitrogen Dioxide	Hourly mean > 200 µg m ⁻³	0	0

Note: For a strict comparison against the objectives there must be a data capture of >90% throughout the calendar year

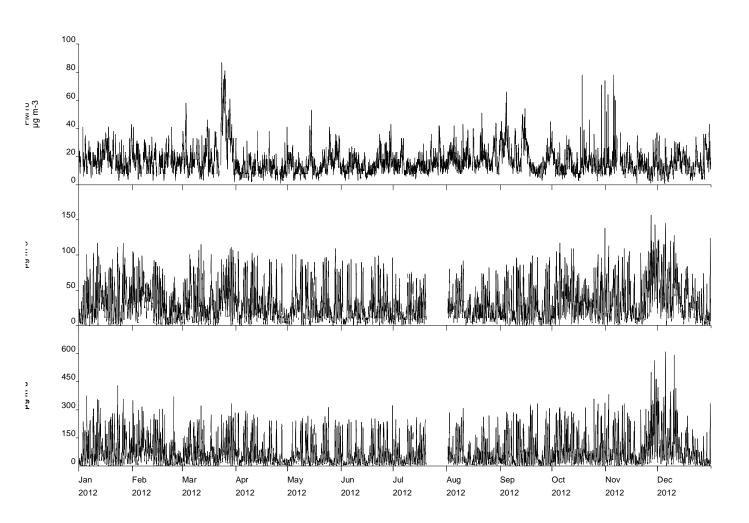


Appendix 2: AEA Air Pollution Report (cont)



Produced by Ricardo-AEA on behalf of the Scottish Government

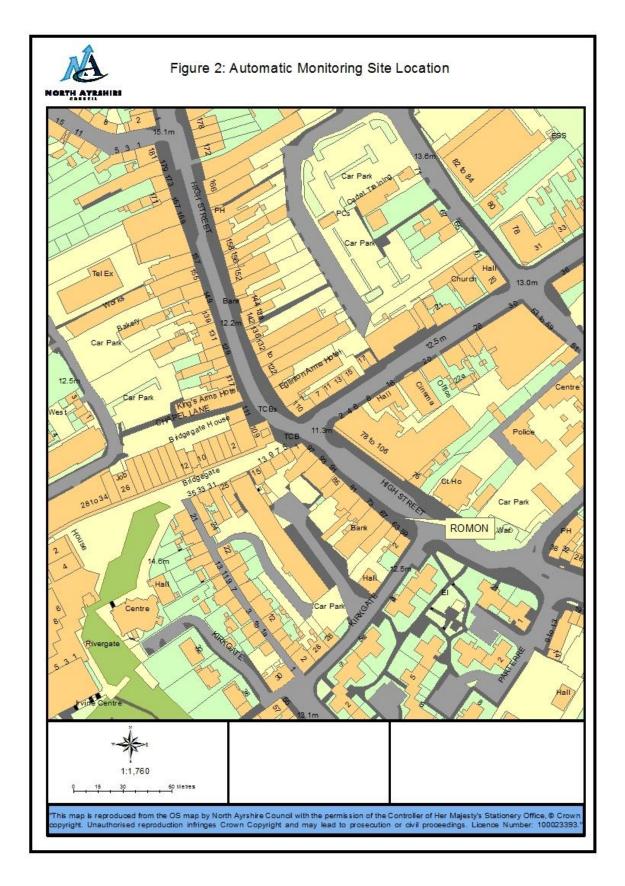
North Ayrshire Irvine High St Hourly Mean Data for 1st January to 31st December 2012



Date Created: 27/03/2013

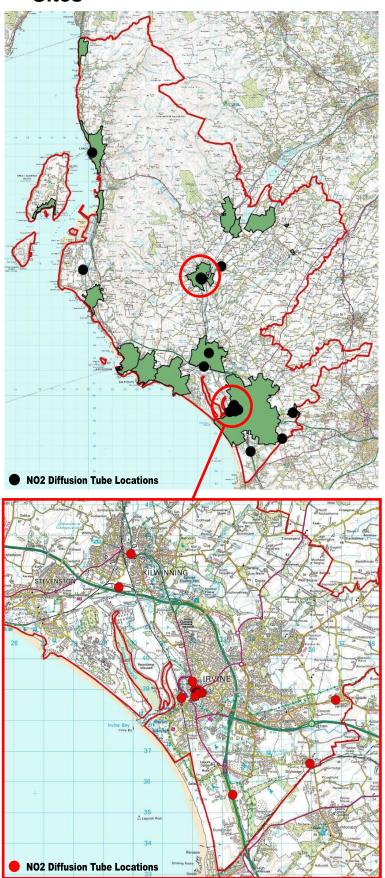
RICARDO-AEA

S	ERVICE	REPORT		
Customer : northayrshi		E	art Date 30 Jul 12	ul-12
Site Name: irvine (work	shop)	Time Sta Time En		
Reason for visit:	high voltage failure/n	o span responds		
Action Taken:				
 ambient and gas pres high voltage okay 	sure readings failu	re -> reset software -> pressure	readings okay	
-no ozone gas -> clean	out ozone generat	cor (inkl. connections) -> ozone	flow okay	
-external pump -24"				
	ned sample inlet tu	and replaced O-rings, replaced Ibing, pre- and post calibration		
	Ps	arts Used		
·	Part No:	Description:	Qty Invoid	e
	Engineer:	Freddy Elmer		
	Visit Type:	Callout/service		
		Complete site inventory		



Appendix 3: Figure 2 Automatic Monitoring Site Location

Appendix 4: Figure 3 Map of Non Automatic Monitoring Sites



Appendix 5: Diffusion Tube Accuracy NAC

C	hecking	Precisio	on and		uracy	of Trip	licate T	ubes	0		EA En m the AEA		Environm	nent
			Diff	usion Tu	ibes Mea	asurements	S				Automa	tic Method	Data Quali	ity Chec
Period	Start Date dd/mm/yyyy	End Date dd/mm/yyyy			Tube 3 μgm ⁻³		Standard Deviation	of variation	95% CI		Period Mean	Data Capture (% DC)	Tubes Precision Check	Autom Monit Data
1	04/01/2012	01/02/2012	47.1	46.9	43.7	46	1.9	4	4.8		34	94	Good	Goo
2	01/02/2012	29/02/2012	41.1	35.8	41.8	40	3.3	8	8.1		33	93	Good	Goo
3	29/02/2012	28/03/2012	38.3	36.2	41.1	39	2.5	6	6.2		34	92	Good	Goo
4	28/03/2012	25/04/2012	32.5	40.4	40.5	38	4.6	12	11.4		29	89	Good	Goo
5	25/04/2012	30/05/2012	27.6	29.1	26.7	28	1.2	4	3.0		29	90	Good	Goo
6	30/05/2012	27/06/2012	29.3	26.7	30.6	29	2.0	7	4.9		25	93	Good	Goo
7	27/06/2012	01/08/2012	Faulty I	batch of N	o2 tubes		_							
8	01/08/2012	29/08/2012	30.6	31.4	30.7	31	0.5	1	1.1		27	92	Good	Goo
g	29/08/2012	27/09/2012	30.3	29.6	30.4	30	0.4	1	1.1		28	94	Good	Goo
1	27/09/2012	01/11/2012	42.7	40.6	42.1	42	1.1	3	2.8		36	92	Good	Goo
1	01/11/2012	28/11/2012	33.3	37.2	35.4	35	1.9	5	4.8		40	91	Good	Goo
1:	28/11/2012	07/01/2012	31.3	35.6	32.3	33	2.3	7	5.6		41	90	Good	Goo
1														
lt i	necessary to hav	ve results for at	least two tu	ubes in ord	er to calcul	ate the precisi	ion of the meas	surements		-	Overa	ll survey>	Good precision	Good Overall
S	te Name/ ID:	Hi	gh Stree	t, Irvine		Ī	Precision	11 out of 1	1 periods h	ave a C	V smaller t	han 20%	(Check average	CV & DC

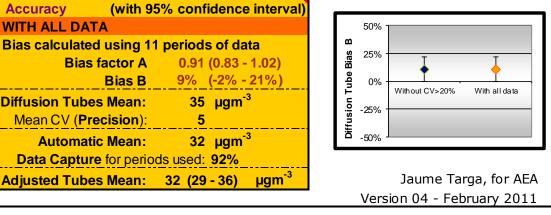
Accuracy WITH ALL DATA

Diffusion Tubes Mean:

Mean CV (**Precision**):

Automatic Mean:

Automatic Method **Data Quality Check** Automatic Data Tubes Period Capture Precision Monitor Mean (% DC) Check Data 34 94 Good Good 33 93 Good Good 34 92 Good Good 29 89 Good Good 90 29 Good Good 25 93 Good Good 27 92 Good Good 28 94 Good Good 92 36 Good Good 40 91 Good Good 90 41 Good Good Good Good Overall survey --> precision Overall DC (Check average CV & DC from CV smaller than 20% Accuracy calculations)



Accuracy	(with 95°	% conf	idence	interval)
without periods	with CV	larger	than 20	%
Bias calculated u	sing 11	periods	s of data	a
Bias fa	ctor A	0.91	(0.83 - 1	.02)
E	Bias B	9%	(-2% - 2	21%)
Diffusion Tubes	Mean:	35	µgm ⁻³	
Mean CV (Prec	ision):	5		
Automatic	Mean:	32	µgm ⁻³	
Data Capture for	or periods	s used:	92%	
Adjusted Tubes	Mean:	32 (29	9 - 36)	µgm ⁻³

Bias B

Adjusted measurement

Appendix 5: Diffusion Tube Accuracy NAC (cont)

Adjustment of SINGLE Tubes

AEA Energy & Environment

			Diff	usior	n Tub	e Me	easur	eme	nts							with all the 11 periods used in th	nis calcuatio
Site Name/ID	1	2	3	4	5	P 6	eriod	s 8	9	10	11	12	13	Raw Mean	Valid periods	Bias Factor A 0. Bias B 99 Tube Precision: 5 Au	% (-2%- 21%)
35 East Road Irvine	35.0	33.8	37.4	28.9	20.3	23.1		26.7	21.9	36.1	28.9	32.0		29.5	11	Adjusted with 95% CI	27 (24 ·
18 Bank St, Irvine (Pitchers)	39.0	36.7	43.3	24.3	23.2	21.9		28.7	19.7	30.6	36.8	35.6		30.9	11	Adjusted with 95% CI	28 (26·
147 High Street, Irvine	35.4	38.0	40.7	29.6	23.4	26.2		30.3	23.4	51.5	39.7	34.4		33.9	11	Adjusted with 95% CI	31 (28·
85 High St, Irvine	38.7	43.0	40.7	36.0	25.3	28.6		41.2	25.7	44.2	50.7	33.9		37.1	11	Adjusted with 95% CI	34 (31·
79 High St, Irvine	68.1	73.4	81.3	77.7	41.5	57.7		66.3	54.6	77.7	65.5	51.7		65.0	11	Adjusted with 95% CI	59 (54·
75 High St, Irvine (HIGH)	58.3	59.7	61.7	56.4	38.8	36.2		45.1	42.2	61.6	50.8	51.2		51.1	11	Adjusted with 95% CI	46 (42·
71 High St, Irvine	46.2	48.0	47.0	42.0										45.8	4	Adjusted with 95% CI	42 (38·
65a High Street, Irvine	47.1	41.1	38.3	32.5	27.6	29.3		30.6	30.3	42.7	33.3	31.3		34.9	11	Adjusted with 95% CI	32 (29 ·
65 High Street, Irvine	46.9	35.8	36.2	40.4	29.1	26.7		31.4	29.6	40.6	37.2	35.6		35.4	11	Adjusted with 95% CI	32 (29
0. 63 High Street, Irvine	43.7	41.8	41.1	40.5	26.7	30.6		30.7	30.4	42.1	35.4	32.3		35.9	11	Adjusted with 95% CI	33 (30
1. 34 Kirkgate Irvine	20.1	19.3	18.9	12.2	10.3	9.3		11.0	8.8	20.0	15.5	23.4		15.4	11	Adjusted with 95% CI	14 (13·
2. 25 Main Rd, Springside	28.3	27.3	25.0	20.7	13.0	15.8		15.7	11.3	24.5	20.1	24.6		20.6	11	Adjusted with 95% CI	19 (17
3. Auchengate (Bridge)	16.7	18.4	18.9	12.1	9.1	11.2		11.3	7.6	16.0	15.0	18.3		14.0	11	Adjusted with 95% CI	13 (12
4. Dalry Rd , Kilwinning	37.3	39.4	35.1	19.9	16.2	21.4		21.4	14.6	29.1	57.3	28.0		29.1	11	Adjusted with 95% CI	26 (24
5. Vernon St, Saltcoats	29.4	30.4	36.1	23.8	20.1	25.8		28.6	19.1	32.1	26.6	28.2		27.3	11	Adjusted with 95% CI	25 (23
6. 12 Garnock St, Dalry	24.0	19.3	15.2	12.0	11.4	10.9		9.0	7.7	18.1	14.8	23.9		15.1	11	Adjusted with 95% CI	14 (13)
7. 67 New St, Dalry	51.0		47.3	41.7	27.3	32.7		32.1	27.6	43.8	36.9	39.5		39.4	11	Adjusted with 95% CI	36 (33
3. 45 New St Dalry	52.0	61.1	67.7	41.1	30.7	39.4		49.1	35.2	54.5	56.7	46.7		48.6	11	Adjusted with 95% CI	44 (40
9. 2 Townhead, St, Dalry	44.0	42.1	45.2	33.6	26.2	31.1		37.9	24.4	43.7	38.4	29.5		36.0	11	Adjusted with 95% CI	33 (30 ·
0. Highfield Hamlet , Dalry	26.7	24.0	25.0	17.9	17.1	23.6		20.8	17.4	25.9	23.4	30.7		22.9	11	Adjusted with 95% CI	21 (19
1. 85 Main Street , Largs	21.1	29.3	31.8	38.0	21.8	25.6		22.3	19.6	32.5	24.8	26.1		26.6	11	Adjusted with 95% CI	24 (22)
2. Hunterston Road	8.9	9.1	8.2	5.4		9.6		6.0	5.2	9.4	6.8	10.2		7.9	10	Adjusted with 95% CI	7 (7-8
a Princes St/Glasgow St					20.8	21.1		21.1	15.5	28.8	21.7	27.0		22.3	7	Adjusted with 95% CI	20 (18·

Appendix 6: Historical NO₂ Diffusion Tube Results (2001 – 2012)

	Tube No.s in		EAST	NORTH					•		1		·	-	•	•
	Report	RESULTS IN UG/M3	INGS	INGS	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007 Bigg 0.82	2008	2009	2010 Bigg 0.02	2011 Biog 0 70	2012 Bigg 0.01
											BIAS 0.03	DIAS 0.07	Bias 0.96	DIAS 0.95	DIAS 0.79	DIAS 0.9
199801		Cunninghame House, Irvine	231627	638718	10.1	13.7	15.7	11.9	11.8	14	12	10	12	13		
199802	1	35 East Road Irvine	232323	638892	20.1	30	31.4	26.2	22.9	33.2	26	24	25	27	23	27
199803		Irvine Police Station	232255	638910	9.9	14.9	15.1	12.6	11.8	15	12	12	13	15		
199804		74 High Street, Irvine	232195	638878	18	21.3	28.5	23.7	19.2	25	25	23.6				
199805		70 High Street Irvine	232172	638894	25.1	31.3	32.7	27.9	22.5	31	29	26	25	33		
200801	2	18 Bank St, Irvine	232202	638952								32.5	26	27	26	28
200401		19 Bank St, Irvine	232182	638960				22.9	22.6	28	24	28.5				
200402		19 Bank St Irvine	232210	638976				24.4	22.1	31	28	26	23	25		
200101	3	147 High Street, Irvine	232077	638990	19.1	30.2	31.5	27.8	23.3	31	29	34	29	26	30	31
200802		3 Bridgegate,	232122	638908								23.9	22	24		
199806		97 High St, Irvine	232142	638897	21.9	32.7	37.1	33.3	26.9	38	32	28	28	30		
200803		97 High St, Irvine HIGH	232142	638897								29.4	29	29		
200804		91 High St, Irvine LOW	232147	638892								34.1	32	33		
200805	4	85 High St, Irvine	232158	638882								34.1	27	31	34	34
199807	5	79 High St, Irvine	232169	638878	30.7	40.8	49.6	45.6	31.2	43	44	39	37	50	54	59
199808		75 High St, Irvine LOW	232170	638871	25.8	36.2	41.9	36.3	30.5	43	48	37	35	44		
200806	6	75 High St, Irvine HIGH	232170	638871								44.6	37	41	46	46
200807	7	71 High St, Irvine	232174	638868								34.8	29	33	34	42
199901	8	65a High St, Irvine, (ROMON)	232182	638867	8.5	30.9	33.1	37	28.9	37	35	31	27	32	30	32
200701	9	65 High St, Irvine, (ROMON)	232182	638867						_	34	30	29	31	31	32
200702	10	63 High St, Irvine, (ROMON)	232182	638867							38	29	30	31	31	33
199809	11	34 Kirkgate Irvine	232085	638774	8.5	13.9	15.9	11	11.5	14	11	8	16	14	14	14
199810		Eglinton Street Irvine	231997	639252	17.4	23.4	25.2	21.8	19.4	26	22	27	26	27		
199902	12	25 Main Rd, Springside	236813	638659	10.3	14.5	16.8	15.8	15.5	19.2	17	16	17	17	16	19
199903		Greenwood Academy	234409	637921	12.3	14.8	17.71	16.6	14.7	21.5	17	15.8				
199904		Main St, Drybridge	235946	636597	7.5	9.6	12.1	9.8	9.3	11.3	9	6	12	14		
199905		Shewalton Moss Estate	235751	636637	6.9	10	11.8	10.3	8	10.1	8	7.3	-			
199906		Dreghorn Primary School	235547	638410	11.3	15.9	18.19	14.9	15.2	18	13	13.1				(
200001	13	Auchengate (Bridge)	233332	635558	10.1	13.3	15.8	14.8	13.5	15	14	12	15	13	12	13
200002		Auchengate (House)	233700	634078	8.5	11.5	13.1	12.1	11.8	15	13	11.6				
200003		Auchengate (Road)	233731	634067	7.6	10.2	12	10.7	10.5	12	11	11.3				
199811	14	Dalry Rd , Kilwinning	229928	643400	15.3	21.4	25	22.7	20.9	30	25	19	21	21	23	26
200004	45	Byrehill, Kilwinning	229520	642319	8.8	12	17	10.9	12.2	13	10	8	13	16	22	05
201101	15 16	Vernon Street, Saltcoats	224697	641366 649250							0	44	45	45	23	25 14
200703 200704	10	12 Garnock St, Dalry 69 New St Dalry	229326 229360	649230 649330							9 28	11 29	15 26	15 30	11	14
200704 200808	17	67 New St, Dairy	229360	649330 649337							20	34.1	34	33	32	36
200808	17	45 New St Dairy	229338	649365							48	45	39	33	42	44
200703	10	60 New St Dally	229311	649363							40	36.1	33	33	42	44
200809		44 New St Dairy	229311	649363							47	45	39	39		
200708		3 Townhead St, Dalry	229280	649344							47	43	33	39		
200707	19	2 Townhead St, Dairy	329230	649338							29	26	25	39	30	33
199907	20	Highfield Hamlet , Dalry	230943	650280	10.4	15.9	18.9	14	13.6	19	15	15	21	19	20	21
199812	20	85 Main Street , Largs	220333	659322	13.1	18.7	22.1	22.2	20.2	26	26	22	19	23	19	24
200005	21	Goldenberry Farm Road	219199	651163	9.9	4.8	4.4	22.2	4.2	6	5	7.9	13	23	13	24
200005		Seamill/ Hunterston Road	219199 220017	650320	4.8	7.7	7.9	5.4	6.9	9	5 6	5.7				
200008	22	Hunterston Road/Cycle Track	220017	6500320 650020	2.8	4.7	4.8	3.3	4.2	6	4	5.7	8	6	6	7
200007	7a	Princes St/Glasgow St	213302	000020	2.0	4.1	4.0	5.3	4.2	U	4	5	0	U	U	20
201201	78	Finces St/Glasgow St									(20
		New Sampling Site														
		Exceedence Result		Potential A	AQMA's											

Appendix 7: QA:QC Data

Diffusion Tube Bias Adjustment Factors

Diffusion tubes (20% TEA/Water) used in the sampling period for 2012 were supplied and analysed by





National Diffusion Tube Bias Adjustment Factors (Version No. 03/13) for tubes provided by Gradko Environmental are listed in Appendix 8. The resultant bias for Gradko Environmental is **0.97** based on 27 studies.

Factor from Local Co-location Studies (if available)

The automatic monitoring station (ROMON) has been operational since early 2009 and is the site being used for 3 co-location tubes. The unit is permanently located at this site and allows for full "calendar year" data to be collected.

The ROMON has fortnightly checks carried out in accordance with the prescribed methodology as issued by AEA Technologies. The unit is audited every 6 months by AEA Technologies and is serviced every 6 months under contract.

Corresponding data was entered in the "Checking Precision and Accuracy of Triplicate Tubes" spreadsheet provided by AEA Energy & Environment (Appendix 5). The resulting Bias factor for 2012 data is **0.91**.

Discussion of Choice of Factor to Use

The co-location study for North Ayrshire Council has "good" precision and high quality results from the ROMON, although a tube preparation error by the supplier meant that all tubes for July 2012 had to be discarded.

The NOx analyser inlet and all 3 triplicate tubes are located inside the cage on top of the ROMON cabinet in very close proximity to each other ensuring accurate comparison. Good robust QA/QC for the analyser in terms of fortnightly checks and routine contracted maintenance along with data validated and ratified by AEA allows for strong confidence in selecting the local bias factor for the data contained in this report.

PM Monitoring Adjustment

The automatic monitoring station (ROMON – BAM) is visually checked every 2 weeks during the NOx calibration check. The inlet head and tape carrier are inspected and cleaned each time the filter tape is replaced. The PM10 data collected by the ROMON is processed and ratified by AEA Technologies. The Air Pollution Report for North Ayrshire, Irvine High Street for 1st January 2012 to 31st December 2012 is included in Appendix 2.

QA/QC of Automatic Monitoring

The automatic monitoring station (ROMON – NOx) has an onsite calibration check conducted every 2 weeks by Local Authority Officers. All checks are carried out in accordance with procedures laid out by AEA Technologies and calibration check sheets are forwarded to them after each visit. The site is visited by AEA engineers every 6 months to carry out calibration tests and the unit is serviced twice yearly. Reports from these visits are included in Appendix 2.

QA/QC of Diffusion Tube Monitoring

Workplace Analysis Scheme for Proficiency (WASP) for the diffusion tube provider is provided in Appendix 9.

Appendix 8: Bias Factor Spreadsheet (Gradko)

National Diffusion Tub	e Bias Adjı	ustment	: Fa	ctor Spreadsheet			Spreads	neet Vers	sion Numb	er: 03/13
Follow the steps below in the correct order	to show the results o	f <u>relevant</u> co-l	locatio	n studies						
Data only apply to tubes exposed monthly an Whenever presenting adjusted data, you shou This spreadhseet will be updated every few mo	Ild state the adjustme	ent factor used	and th	e version of the spreadsheet	their immec	liate use.		at t	eadsheet w he end of Ju <u>M Helpdesk</u>	
The LAQM Helpdesk is operated on behalf of De partners AECOM and the National Physical Labo		dministrations	by Bure	· · ·		et maintained b by Air Quality Co	•	Physical	Laboratory.	Original
Step 1:	Step 2:	Step 3:			5	Step 4:				
Select the Laboratory that Analyses Your Tubes from the Drop-Down List	Select a Preparation Method from the Drop-Down List	Select a Year from the Drop- Down List	Whe	re there is only one study for a chosen cor there is more than one study, use		<u> </u>				tion. Where
If a laboratory is not shown, we have no data for this laboratory.	If a preparation method is not shown, we have no data for this method at this laboratory.	lf a year is not shown, we have no data ²	lf you	have your own co-location study then see f Helpdesk at LAQMH					Air Quality N	Management
Analysed By ¹	Method o undo your selection, choose (All) from the pop-up list	Year ⁵ To undo your selection, choose (All)	Site Type	Local Authority	Length of Study (months)	Diffusion Tube Mean Conc. (Dm) (μg/m³)	Automatic Monitor Mean Conc. (Cm) (μg/m ³)	Bias (B)	Tube Precision ⁶	Bias Adjustment Factor (A) (Cm/Dm)
्र		τ,								
Gradko	20% TEA in water	2012	R	Wiltshire Council	11	38	40	-4.0%	G	1.04
Gradko	20% TEA in Water	2012	R	Dudley MBC	11	39	33	16.0%	G	0.86
Gradko	20% TEA in Water	2012	UB	Dudley MBC	10	27	26	3.1%	G	0.97
Gradko	20% TEA in Water	2012	R	Dudley MBC	11	43	42	2.0%	G	0.98
Gradko	20% TEA in water	2012	R	Monmouthshire County Council	11	48	45	7.0%	G	0.93
Gradko	20% TEA in water	2012	R	Cheshire West & Chester	11	40	45	-10.1%	G	1.11
Gradko	20% TEA in Water	2012	UB	East Herts Council	11	21	12	71.9%	G	0.58
Gradko	20% TEA in Water	2012	R	Gateshead Council	11	34	34	-1.4%	G	1.01
Gradko	20% TEA in Water	2012	R	Gateshead Council	11	36 32	37	-3.2%	G	1.03
Gradko	20% TEA in Water 20% TEA in Water	2012 2012	R R	Gateshead Council Dudley MBC	11 9	32 55	33 60	-2.6% -7.5%	G	1.03 1.08
Gradko Gradko	20% TEA in Water	2012	UB	Luton Borough Council	9 11	38	30	29.4%	G	0.77
gradko	20% TEA in water	2012	UC	Southampton City Council	11	30	33	-8.3%	G	1.09
Gradko	20% TEA in water	2012	R	Exeter City Council	11	34	34	-0.3%	G	1.00
Gradko	20% TEA in water	2012	R	Scarborough B C	11	32	37	-11.3%	G	1.13
Gradko	20% TEA in Water	2012	KS	Marylebone Road Intercomparison	11	106	94	12.1%	G	0.89
Gradko	20% TEA in water	2012	KS	New Forest DC	10	46	40	13.4%	G	0.88
Gradko	20% TEA in water	2012	R	New Forest DC	10	33	29	11.8%	G	0.89
Gradko	20% TEA in water	2012	R	Brighton & Hove City Council	11	41	37	10.5%	G	0.91
Gradko	20% TEA in water	2012	R	City of Lincoln Council	11	53	44	18.4%	G	0.84
Gradko	20% TEA in water	2012	R	Fareham Borough Council	9	38	39	-4.1%	G	1.04
Gradko	20% TEA in water	2012	R	NOTTINGHAM CITY COUNCIL	10	44	44	-0.2%	G	1.00
Gradko	20% TEA in water	2012	R	NOTTINGHAM CITY COUNCIL	11	43	41	4.9%	G	0.95
Gradko	20% TEA in water	2012	R	NOTTINGHAM CITY COUNCIL	10	46	47	-0.3%	G	1.00
Gradko	20% TEA in water	2012	R	The Highland Council	9	24	32	-24.1%	G	1.32
Gradko	20% TEA in water	2012	R	Wiltshire Council	10	36	35	3.9%	G	0.96
Gradko	20% TEA in Water	2012	UB	LB Waltham Forest	11	33	38	-11.8%	S	1.13
Gradko	20% TEA in water	2012		Overall Factor ³ (27 studies)				1	Use	0.97

Appendix 9: Tube Precision & WASP Results

The following table lists those UK laboratories undertaking LAQM activities that have participated in recent HSL WASP NO₂ PT rounds and the percentage (%) of results submitted which were subsequently determined to be **satisfactory** based upon a z-score of $\leq \pm 2$ as defined above.

percentage (70) or results sub-		one educed der	ag actorninea	to be editorial	ter, bassa ap	011 0 2 00010 0		104 400 10.
WASP Round	WASP R112	WASP R113	WASP R114	WASP R115	WASP R116	WASP R117	WASP R118	WASP R119
Round conducted in the period	January - March 2011	April - June 2011	July - September 2011	October - December 2011	January – March 2012	April – June 2012	July – September 2012	October – December 2012
Aberdeen Scientific Services	100 %	100 %	100 %	100 %	100 %	100 %	100 %	100 %
Bristol City Council [5]	100 %	100 %	100 %	100 %	-	-	-	-
Cardiff Scientific Services	100 %	100 %	100 %	75 %	100 %	100 %	100 %	100 %
Edinburgh Scientific Services	100 %	100 %	100 %	0 %	100 %	100 %	100 %	100 %
Environmental Services Group, Didcot (formerly Bureau Veritas Laboratories, Glasgow and Harwell Scientifics) [1] [2]	100 %	100 %	100 %	100 %	100 %	100 %	100 %	100 %
Exova (formerly Clyde Analytical)	100 %	100 %	0%	75 %	0 %	0 %	100 %	25 %
Glasgow Scientific Services	100 %	100 %	100 %	100 %	100 %	50 %	100 %	100 %
Gradko International [2]	100 %	100 %	100 %	37.5 %	100 %	100 %	100 %	100 %
Kent Scientific Services	50 %	100 %	100 %	75 %	75 %	100 %	75 %	100 %
Kirklees MBC	100 %	0 %	0 %	50 %	100 %	100 %	75 %	100 %
Lambeth Scientific Services	50 %	25 %	100 %	25 %	75 %	100 %	0 %	100 %
Lancashire County Analysts [3]	75 %	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Milton Keynes Council	100 %	75 %	100 %	100 %	100 %	100 %	75 %	100 %
Northampton Borough Council	100 %	100 %	100 %	100 %	100 %	100 %	100 %	100 %
Somerset Scientific Services [4]	-	-	-	100 %	100 %	100 %	100 %	100 %
South Yorkshire Air Quality Samplers	100 %	100 %	100 %	100 %	100 %	100 %	100 %	100 %
Staffordshire County Council	100 %	100 %	100 %	100 %	100 %	100 %	75 %	100 %
Tayside Scientific Services (formerly Dundee CC)	100 %	100 %	100 %	100 %	100 %	100 %	100 %	100 %
West Yorkshire Analytical Services	75 %	75 %	100 %	100 %	75 %	75 %	50 %	100 %

[1] Bureau Veritas laboratory and Harwell Scientific now part of ESG Group.

[2] Participant subscribes to two sets of test samples (2 x 4 test samples) in each WASP PT round.

[3] No longer involved in NO2 diffusion tube measurements from R113.

[4] New participant from R115.

[5] No longer involved in NO2 diffusion tube measurements from R116.

Appendix 10: NO₂ Levels – Distance from road calculator (45 New St)

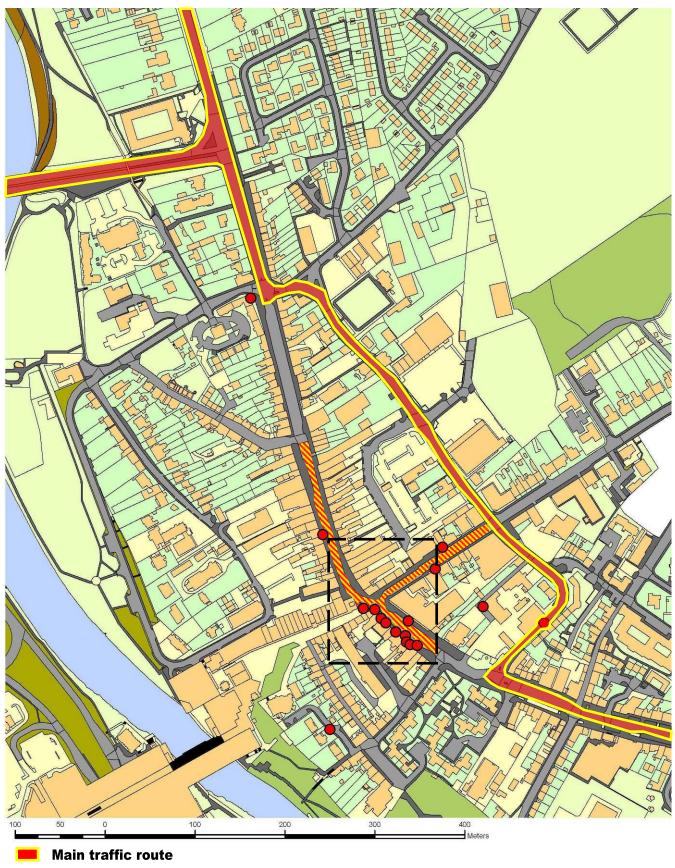
	Enter d	ata into the y	ellow ce	ils
Step 1	How far from the KERB was your measurement made (in metres)?	(Note 1)	1.2	metre
Step 2	How far from the KERB is your receptor (in metres)?	(Note 1)	2	metre
Step 3	What is the local annual mean background NO ₂ concentration (in μ g/m ³)?	(Note 2)	6	μg/m ³
Step 4	What is your measured annual mean NO_2 concentration (in μ g/m ³)?	(Note 2)	44	μg/m ³
Result	The predicted annual mean NO ₂ concentration (in μ g/m ³) at your receptor	(Note 3)	39.9	μg/m ³
http://laqm2.c assumes tha value of 0.1r your predicti and the rece recommende recommende Note 2: The r published at	me cases the term "kerb" may be taken to be the edge of the trafficked road - see the FAQ at defra.gov.uk/FAQs/Monitoring/Location/index.htm for further details. Distances should be measured hor at the monitor and receptor have similar elevations. Each distance should be greater than 0.1m and less in when the monitor is closer to the kerb than this is likely to be reasonable). The receptor is the location on. The monitor can either be closer to the kerb than the receptor, or further from the kerb than the receptor are to each other, the more reliable the prediction will be. When your receptor is further from the kerb that the receptor and monitor should be within 20m of each other. When your receptor is closer to the kerb that the receptor and monitor should be within 10m of each other. The background concentration could com w w w.airquality.co.uk, or alternatively from a nearby monitor in a background location.	than 50m (In pract for w hich you w eptor. The closer erb than your mor e kerb than your r me from the nation	tice, using a ish to make the monitor hitor, it is nonitor, it is al maps	

Issue 4:25/01/11. Created by Dr Ben Marner; Approved by Prof Duncan Laxen. Contact: benmarner@aqconsultants.co.uk

Irvine Area

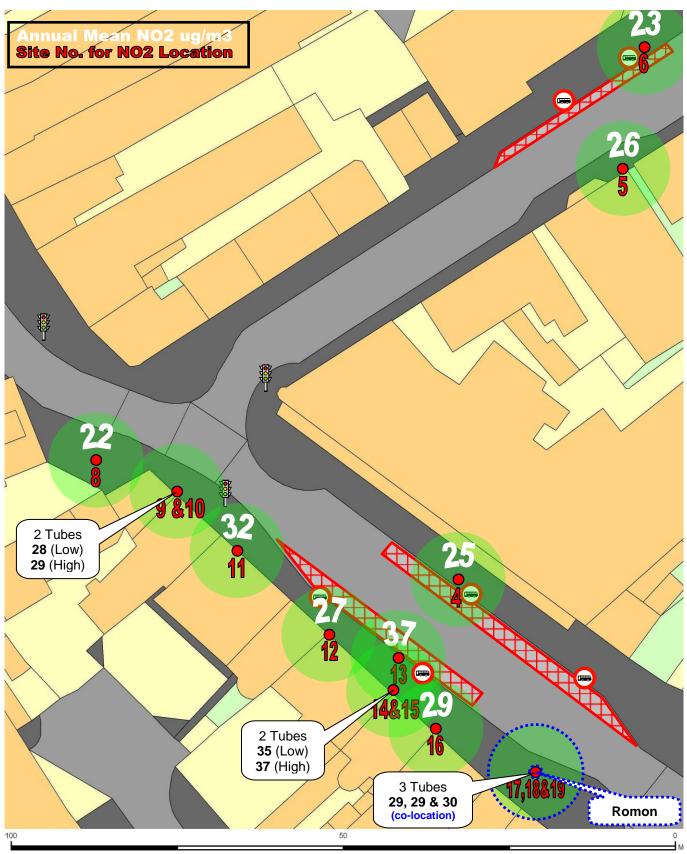
Appendices 11 to 15

Appendix 11 Irvine Town Centre

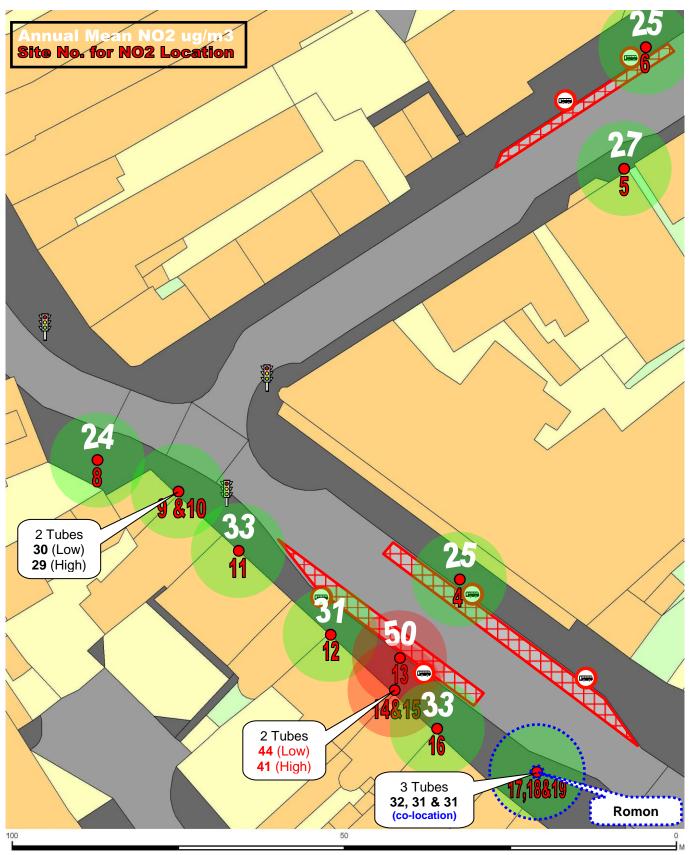


- Restricted Area (buses, taxis & loading only)
- NO2 diffusion tubes (Including Historic Sites)

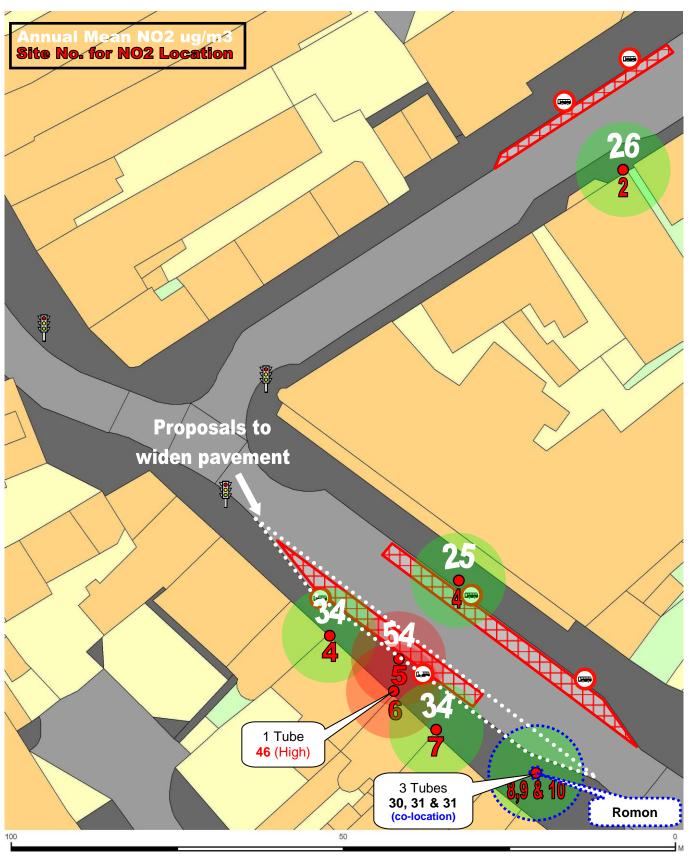




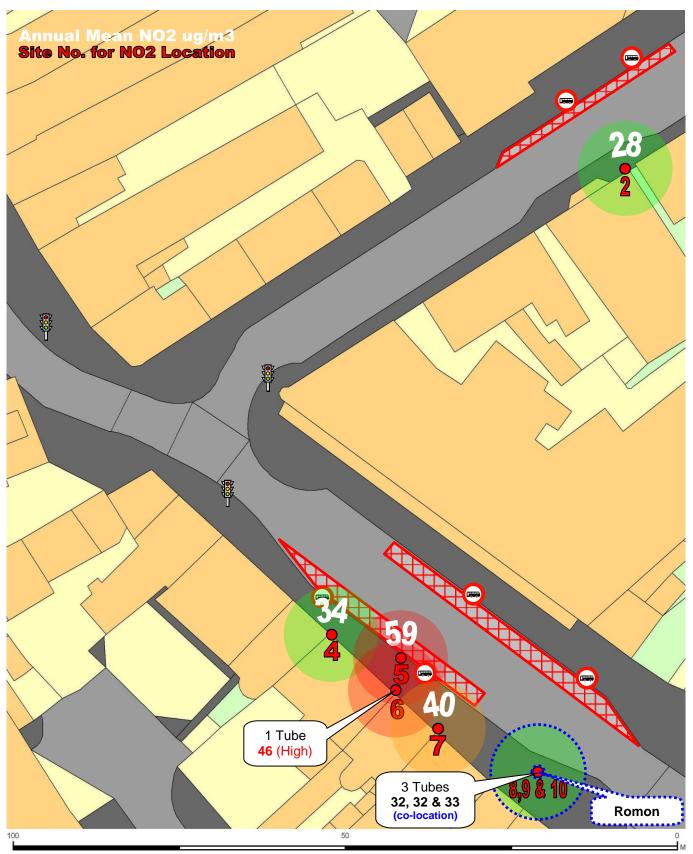
Appendix 13: Irvine, High St (2010) NO_{2 µg/m³}



Appendix 14: Irvine, High St (2011) NO_{2 µg/m³}



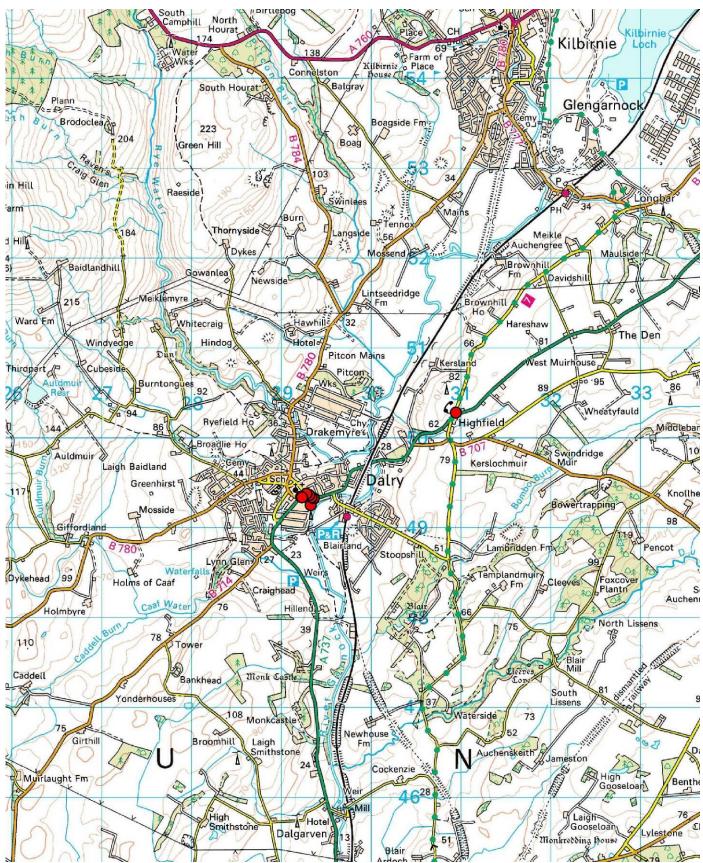
Appendix 15: Irvine, High St (2012) NO₂ µg/m³



Dalry Area

Appendices 16 to 21

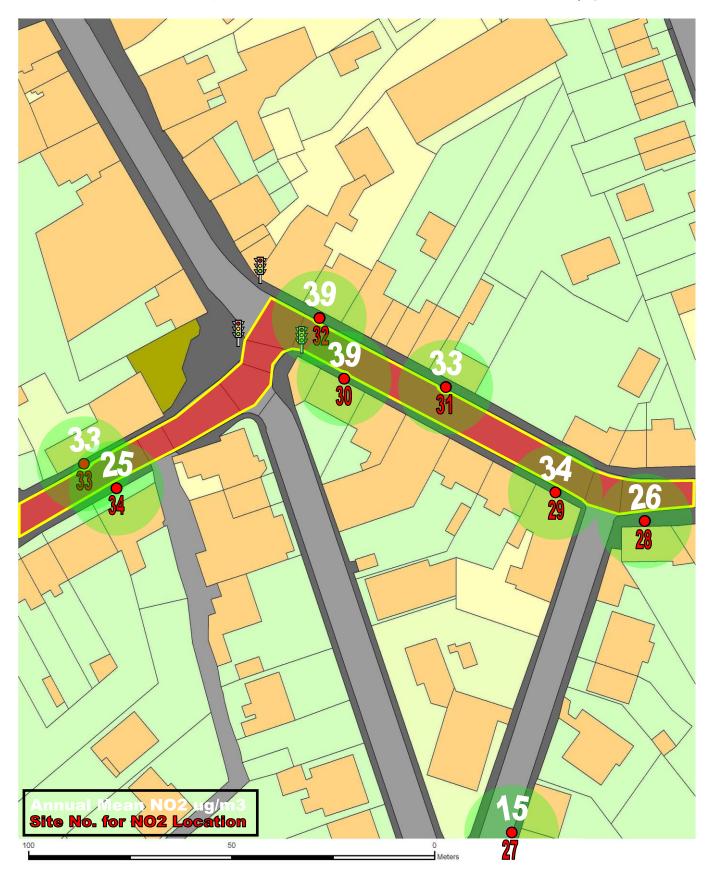
Appendix 16: Dalry (Ordnance Survey)



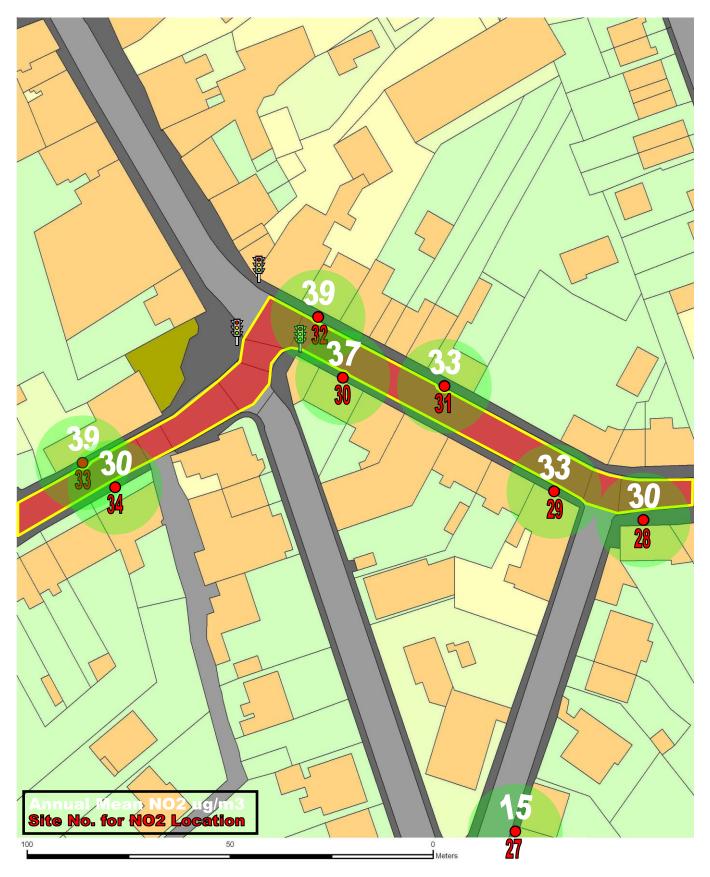




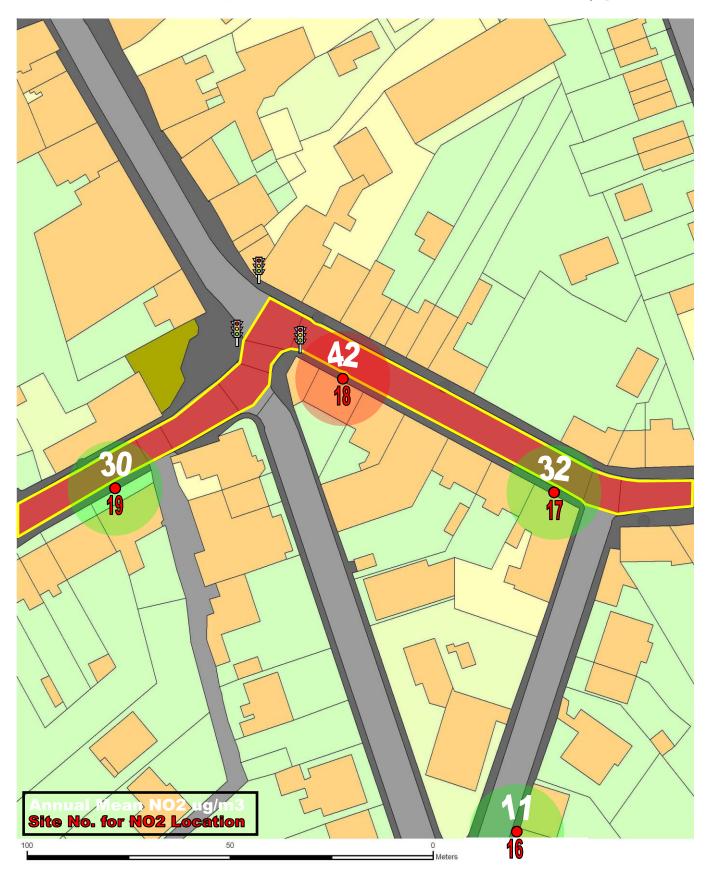
Irvine - Glasgow corridor NO2 diffusion tubes (Including Historic Sites)



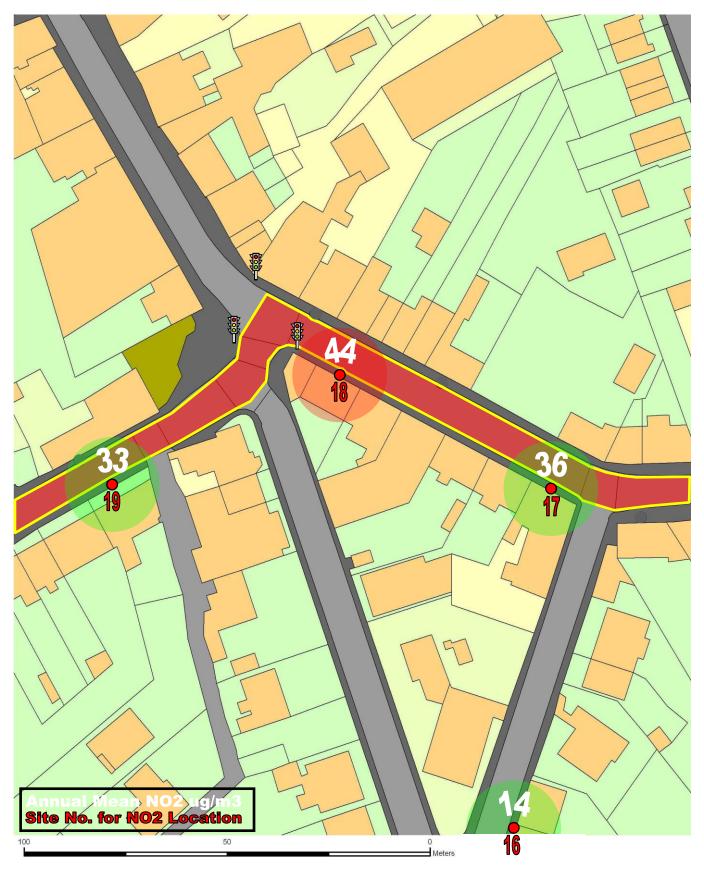
Appendix 18: Dalry – Townhead St/New St (2009) NO₂ μ g/m³



Appendix 19: Dalry – Townhead St/New St (2010) NO₂ μ g/m³



Appendix 20: Dalry – Townhead St/New St (2011) NO₂ μ g/m³



Appendix 21: Dalry – Townhead St/New St (2012) NO₂ μ g/m³