

Ammonia Emissions from Vehicle Emissions Measurements

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Presentation Outline

1. Introduction

1.1. Ammonia Emissions

1.1. Vehicular Sources

2. Measurement Techniques

2.1. Remote Sensing

2.2. Point Sampling

3. Research Results

4. Conclusions

4.1. Relevance to Scottish Air Quality

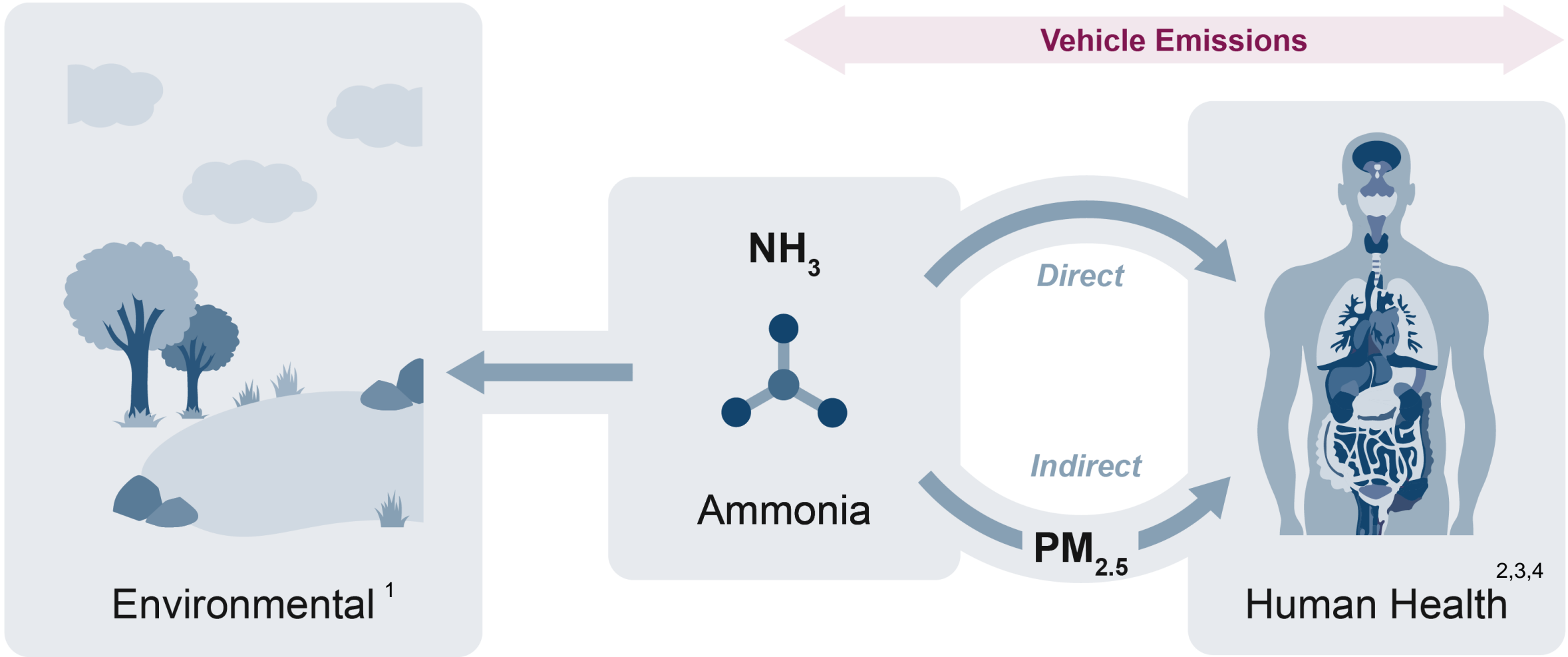
4.2. Future Work



1.

Introduction

Ammonia Emissions: Why are they important?



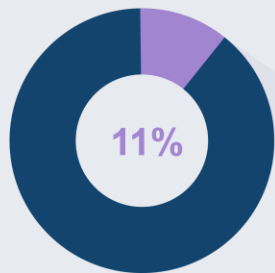
Ammonia Emissions: Where do they come from?

Total **UK** 2022 NH₃ emissions: **260 kT**⁵

Agriculture (87%)

Road transport (2%)

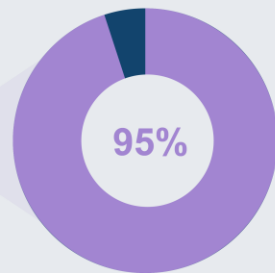
Light-duty (96%)



Urban areas

11%

Land area:
240,000 km²



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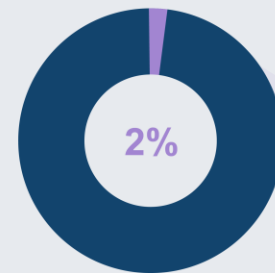
Population:
67.1 million

Total **Scotland** 2022 NH₃ emissions: **31 kT**⁵

Agriculture (93%)

Road transport (1%)

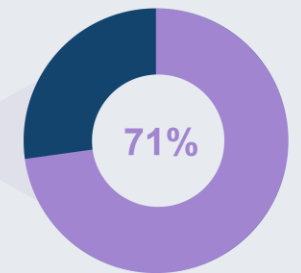
Light-duty (95%)



Urban areas

2%

Land area:
77,900 km²

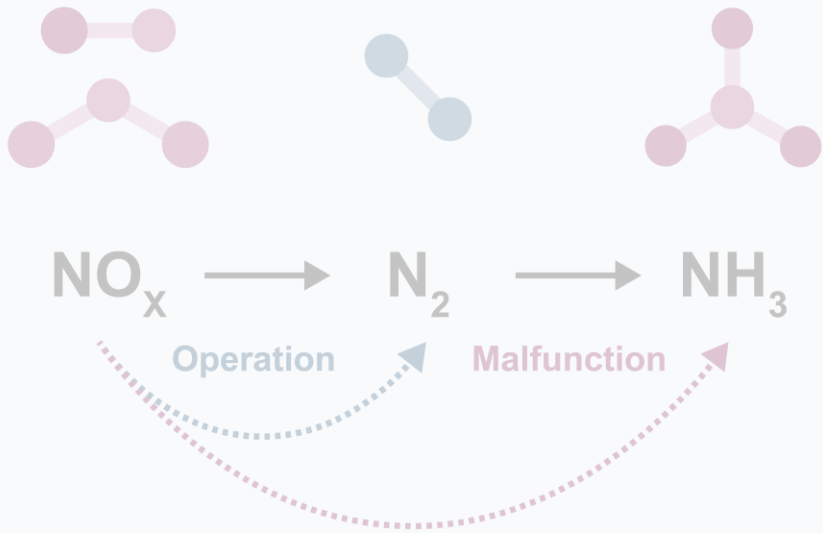


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Population:
5.4 million

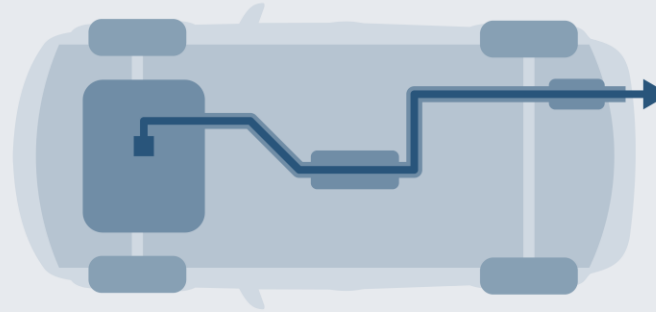
Vehicular Sources: Catalysis

NH_3 is not produced during combustion, it is a product of NO_x reduction catalysis⁸



Gasoline

Three-way catalyst (TWC)



Light-duty vehicles
1980
(passenger cars)

Diesel

Selective catalytic reduction (SCR)

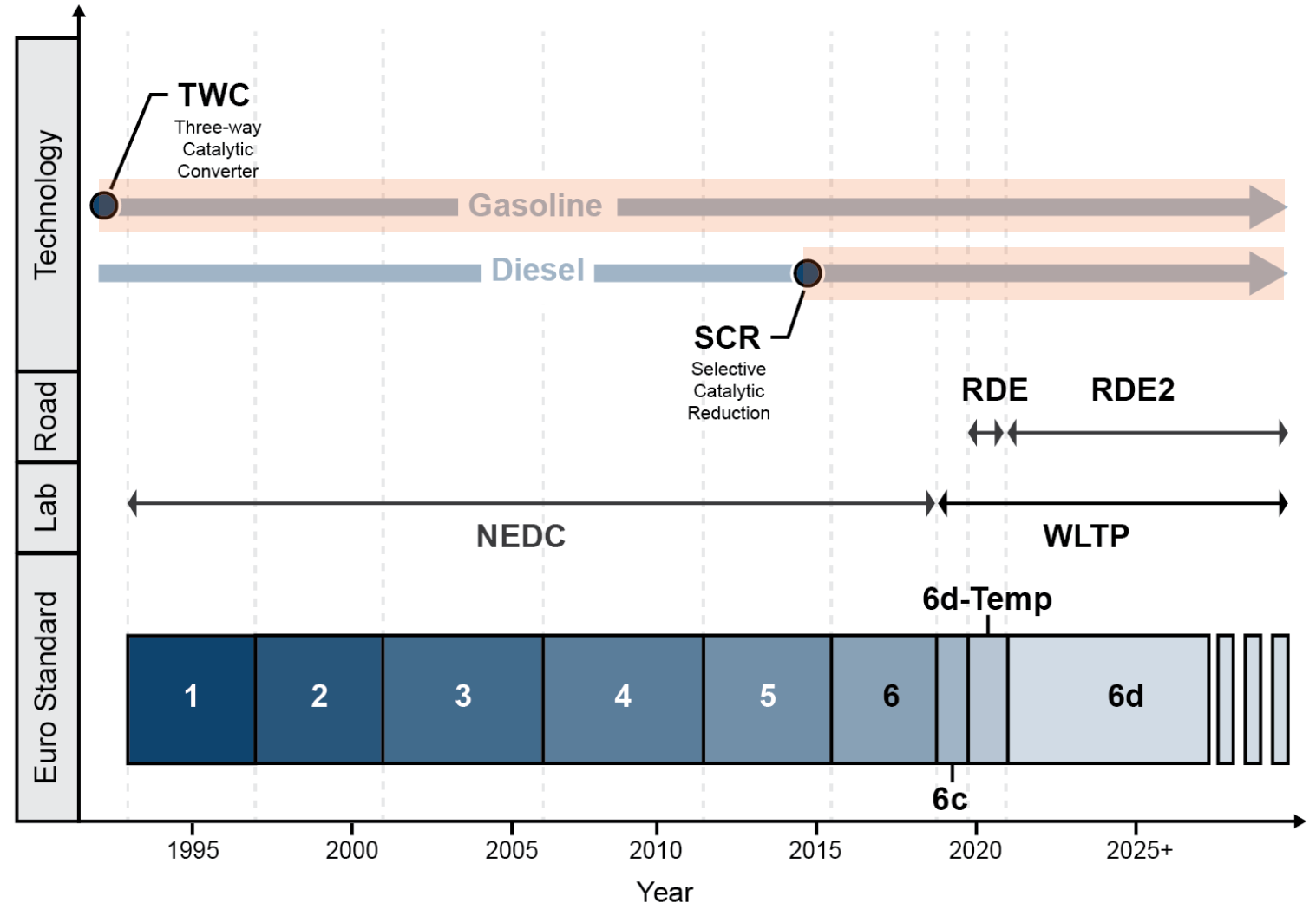


Heavy-duty vehicles
2010
Light-duty vehicles
2015

Vehicular Sources: Regulation

Euro Emission Standards ^{5,9}

- Increasingly stringent vehicle testing (laboratory and real-driving emissions RDE)
- Separate standards for light-duty (shown right) and heavy-duty vehicles
- Ammonia is currently **unregulated** for light-duty vehicles
- Light-duty vehicles account for 96% of vehicular NH₃ in the UK (95% in Scotland)

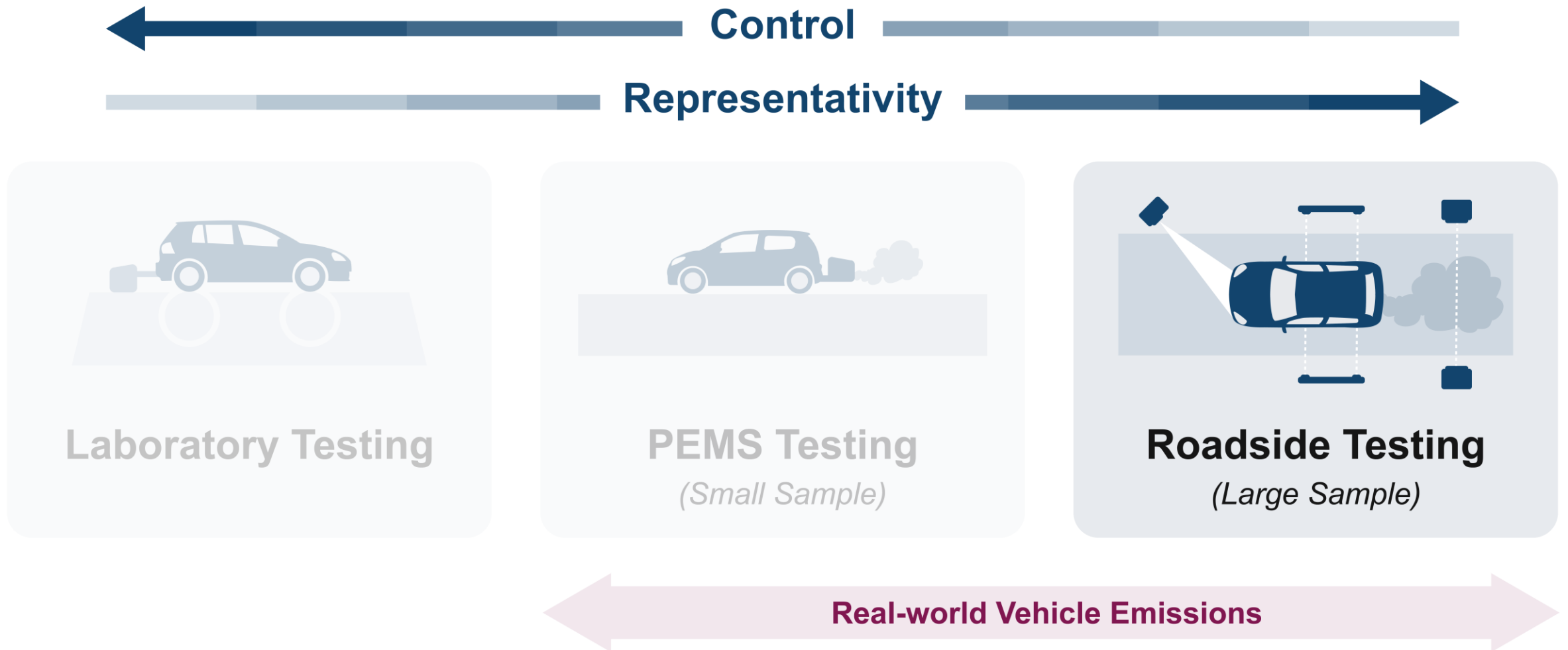




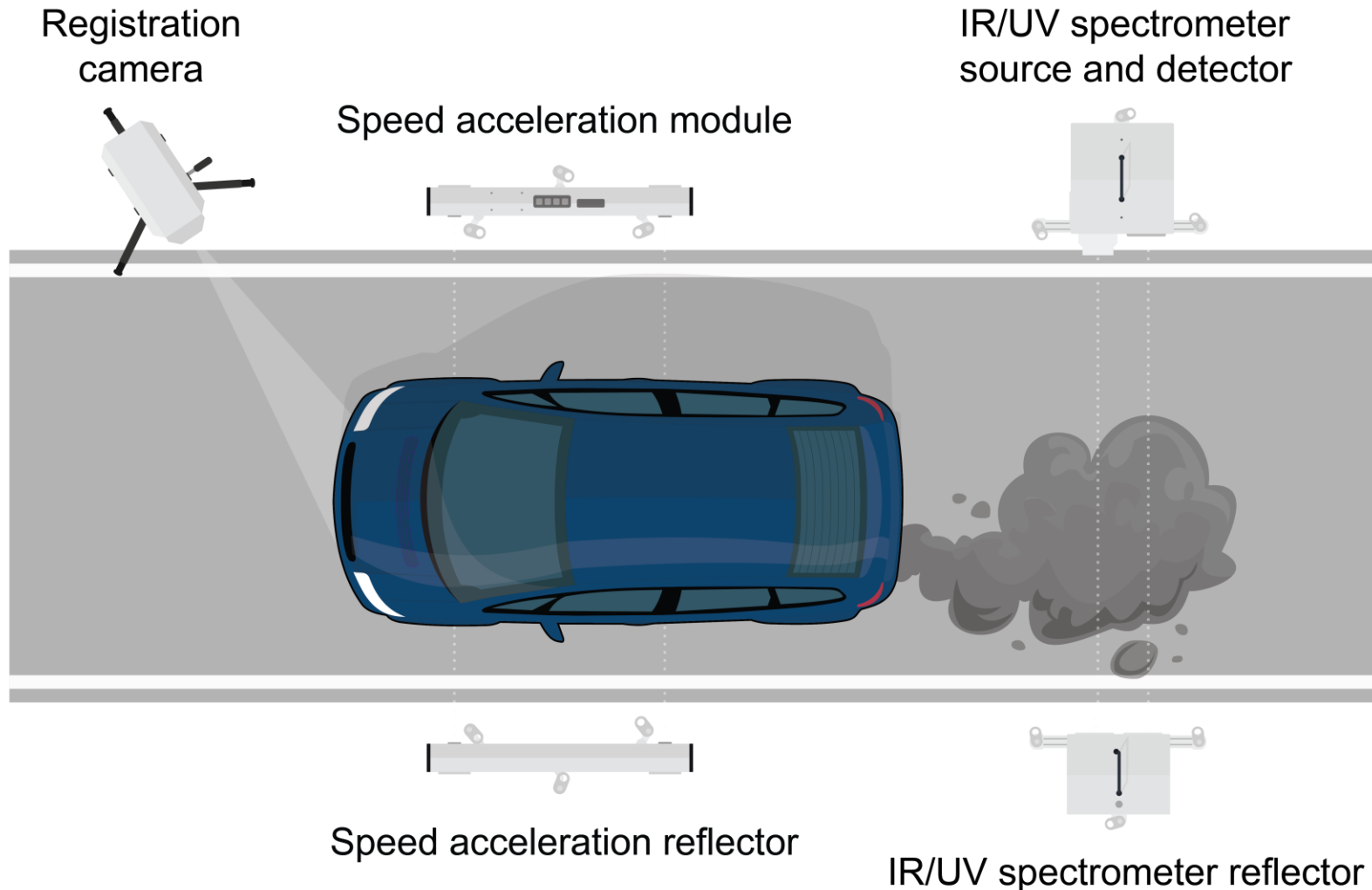
2.

**Measurement
Techniques**

Vehicle Emissions Measurements



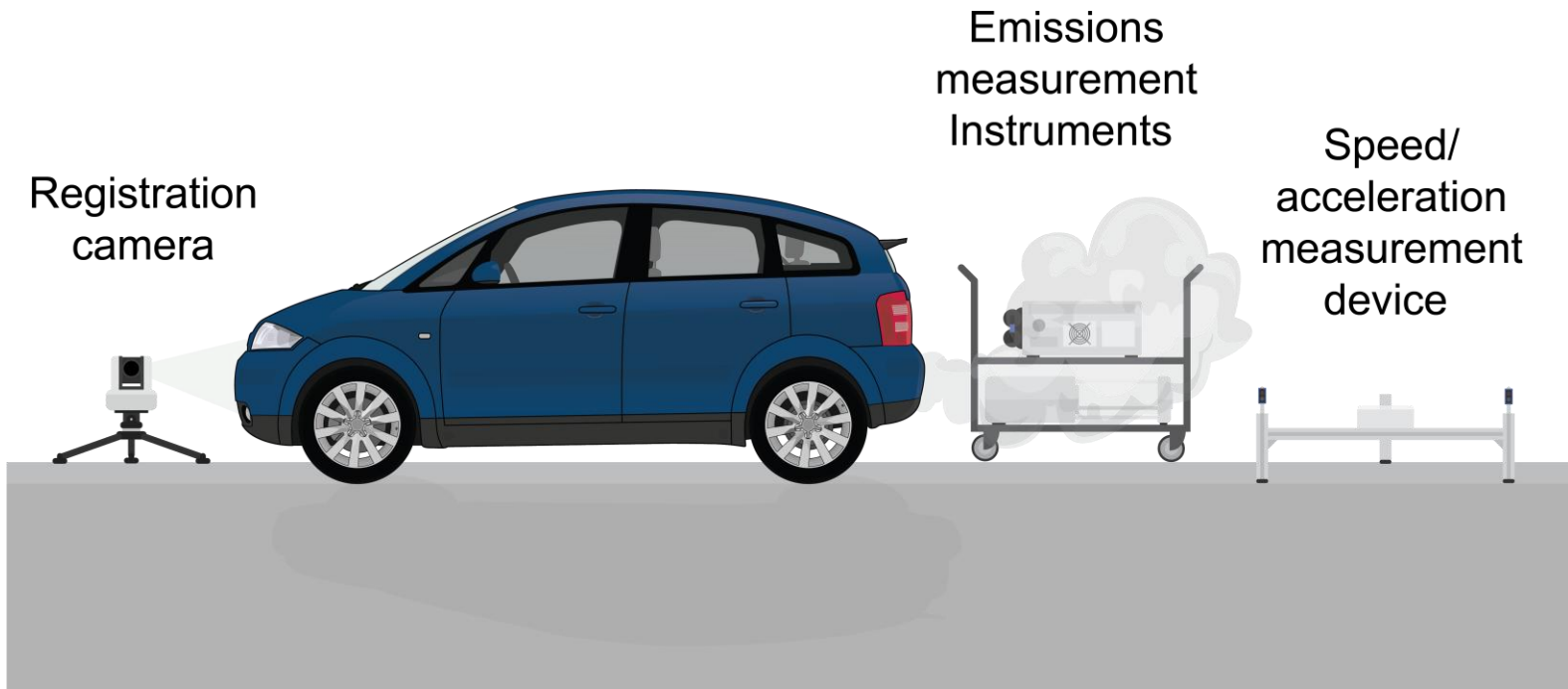
Remote Sensing



Technique Overview

- Cross-road IR and UV snapshot spectroscopy
“Emissions camera”
- Full commercial system
- > 600,000 UK vehicle measurements available made 2012 – 2022
- Aggregate measurements to calculate NH_3 emission factors ($\text{g kg}^{-1} / \text{g km}^{-1}$)

Point Sampling



Technique Overview

- Continuous fast-response emissions measurements
“Emissions video camera”
- New and developing technique
- Robust linear regression to calculate NH_3 emission factors (g kg^{-1})
- More sensitive instruments



3.

**Research
Results**

Literature Summary

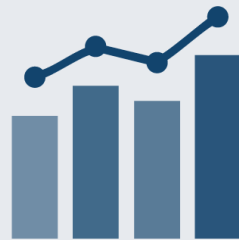
Vehicular ammonia is dominated by **Gasoline cars** ¹⁰



Vehicular ammonia decreasing with new **catalyst technology** ¹⁰



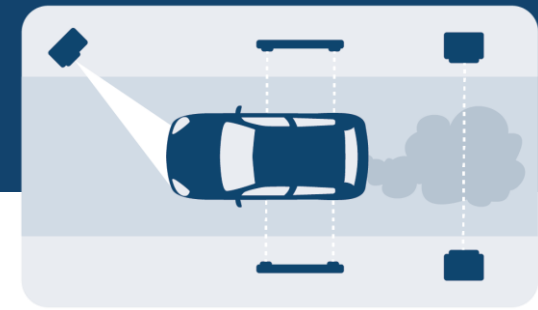
Vehicular ammonia **under-represented** in national inventories ¹¹



Vehicular ammonia contributes towards **PM_{2.5}** formation ^{2,3,4}



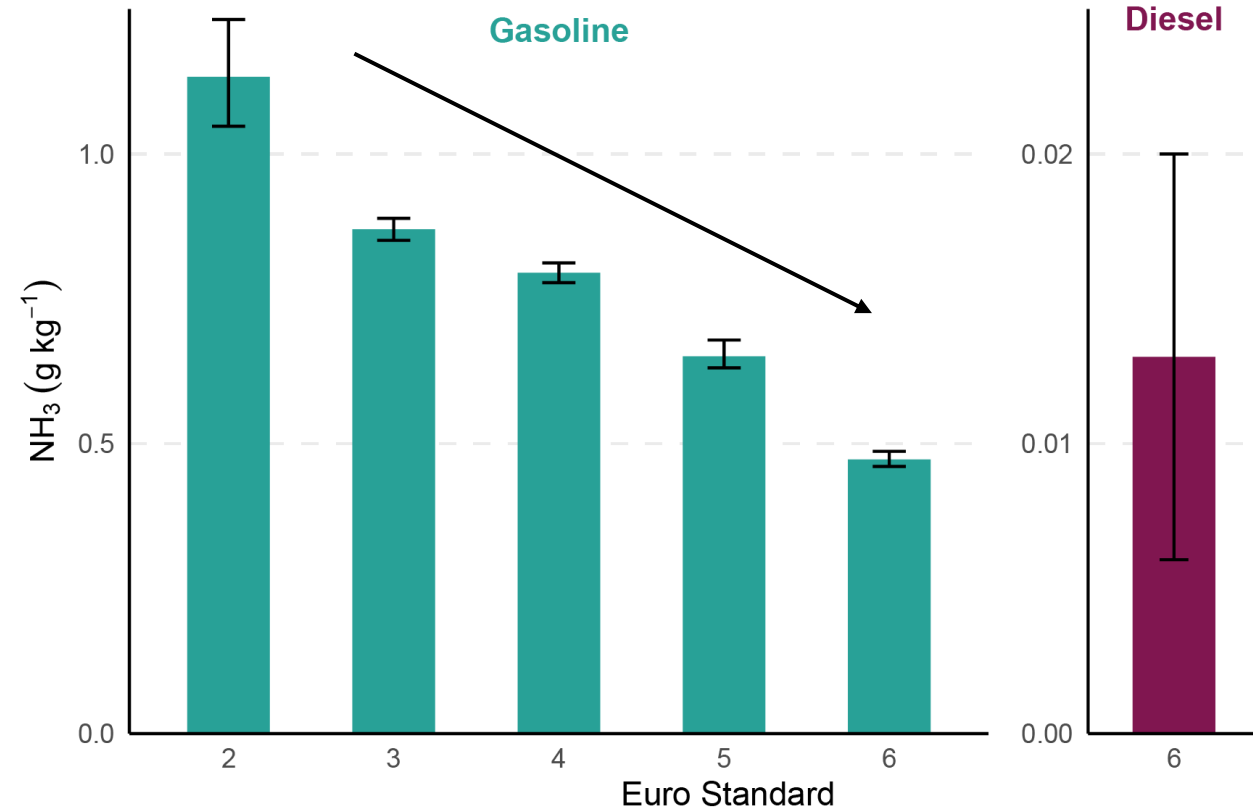
Remote Sensing I



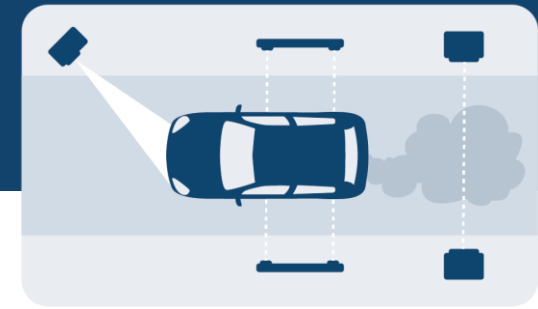
Underestimated Ammonia Emissions from Road Vehicles, N. J. Farren, J. Davison et al., *Environ. Sci. Tech.*, 2020

Results and Insight

- NH_3 emission factors reported for passenger cars (shown right)
- UK passenger car NH_3 emissions **2.6 x higher** than reported (NAEI)
- Increases to **17 x higher** in urban areas



Remote Sensing I



Underestimated Ammonia Emissions from Road Vehicles, N. J. Farren, J. Davison et al.,
Environ. Sci. Tech., 2020

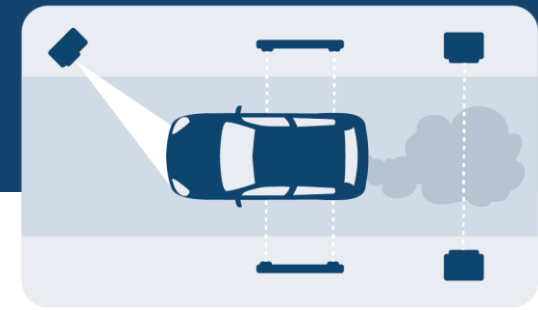


Vehicular ammonia emissions dominated by **gasoline cars**



Vehicular ammonia emissions **under-represented** in UK NAEI

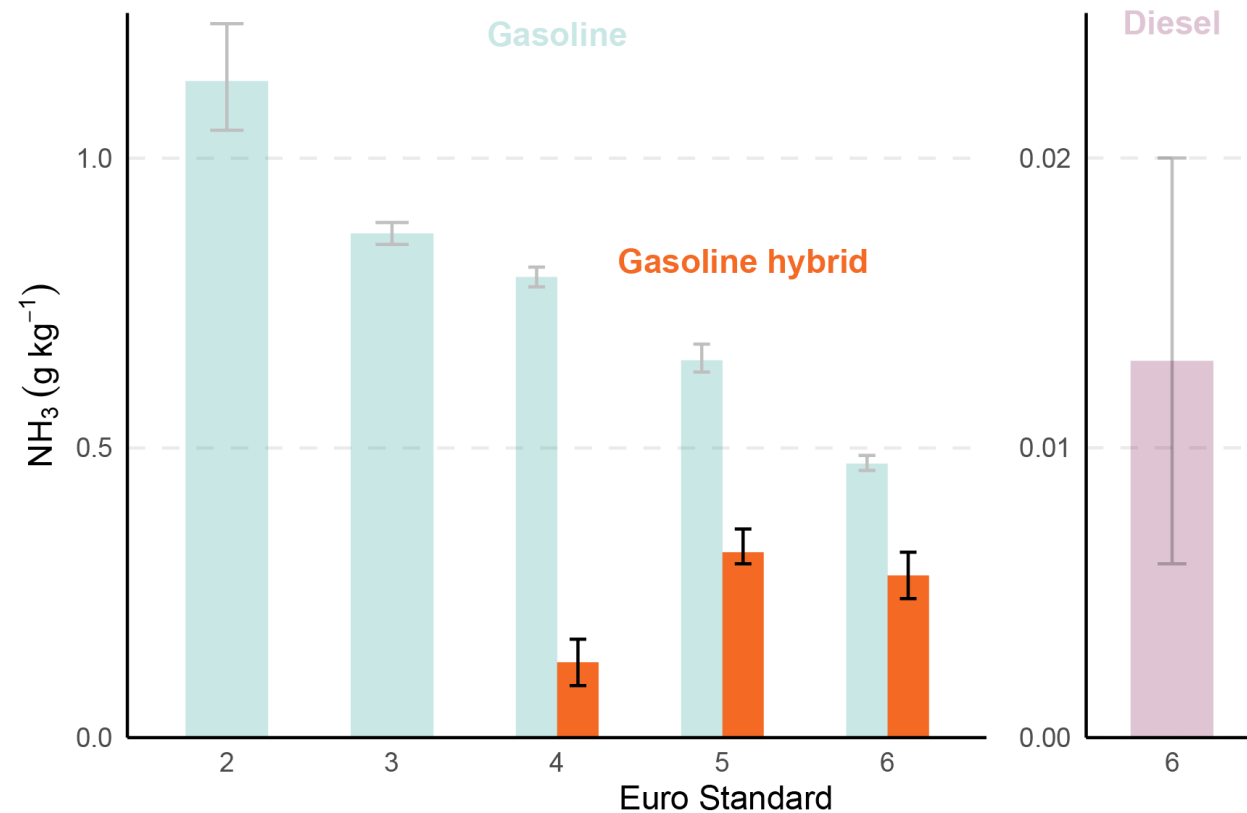
Remote Sensing II



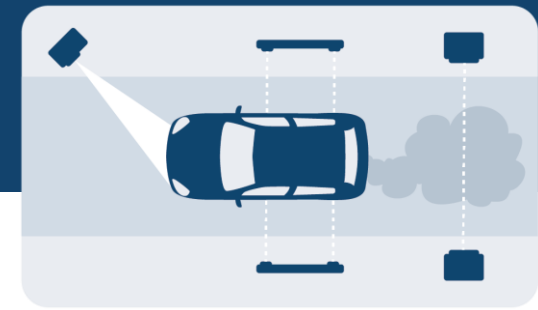
Characterisation of ammonia emissions from gasoline and gasoline hybrid passenger cars, N. J. Farren, J. Davison et al., *Atmos. Environ. X*, 2021

Results and Insight

- NH_3 emission factors reported for hybrid cars (shown right)



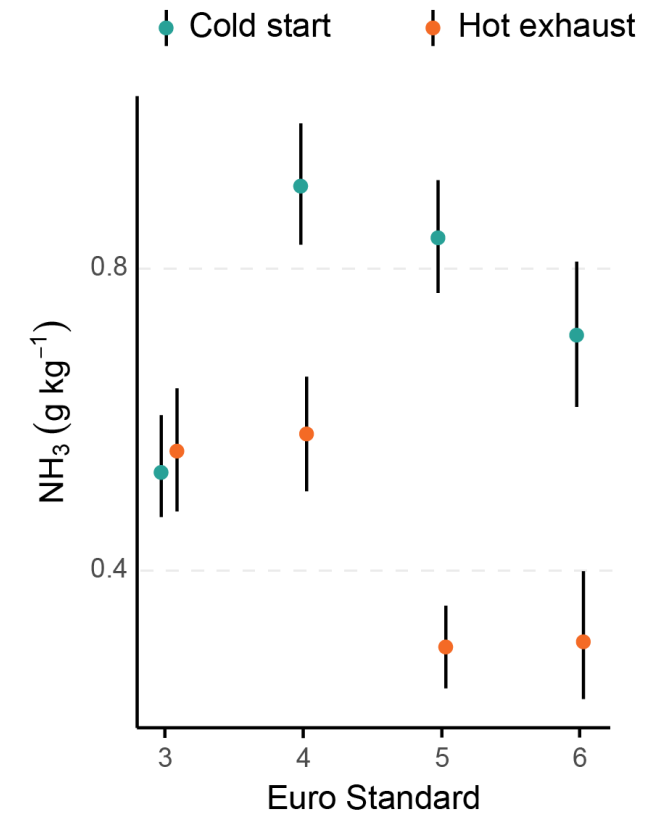
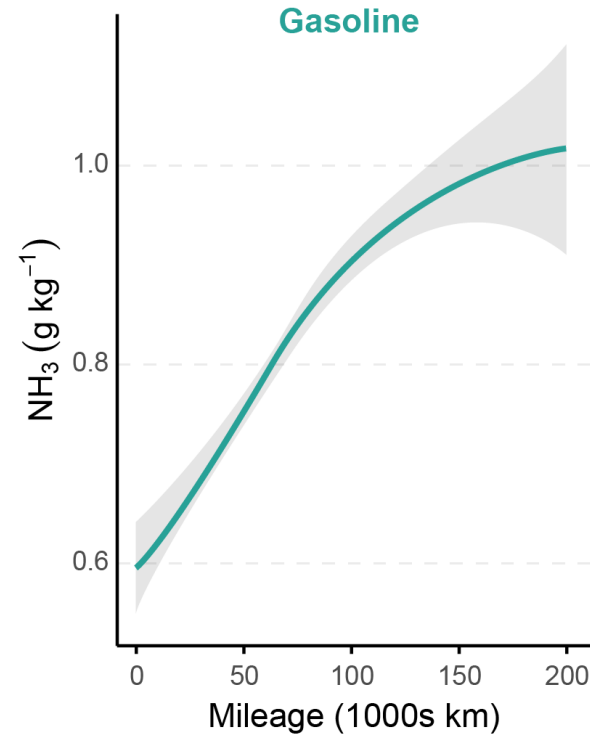
Remote Sensing II



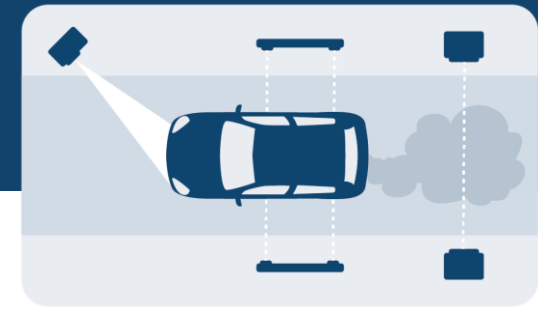
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Results and Insight

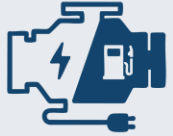
- NH_3 emission factors reported for hybrid cars (shown right)
- Increasing NH_3 emissions associated with increasing vehicle mileage
- Increasing NH_3 emissions associated with cold start



Remote Sensing II



Characterisation of ammonia emissions from gasoline and gasoline hybrid passenger cars, N. J. Farren, J. Davison et al., *Atmos. Environ. X*, **2021**

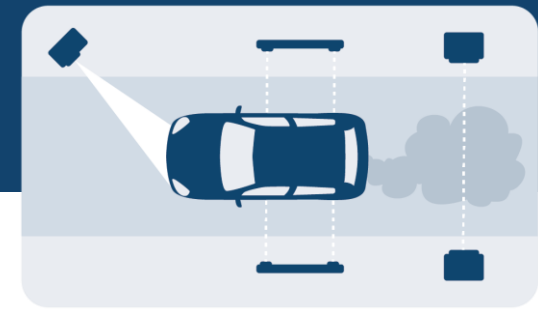


Gasoline hybrid vehicles are an important ammonia source



Ammonia emissions increase with **mileage** (age) and **cold start**

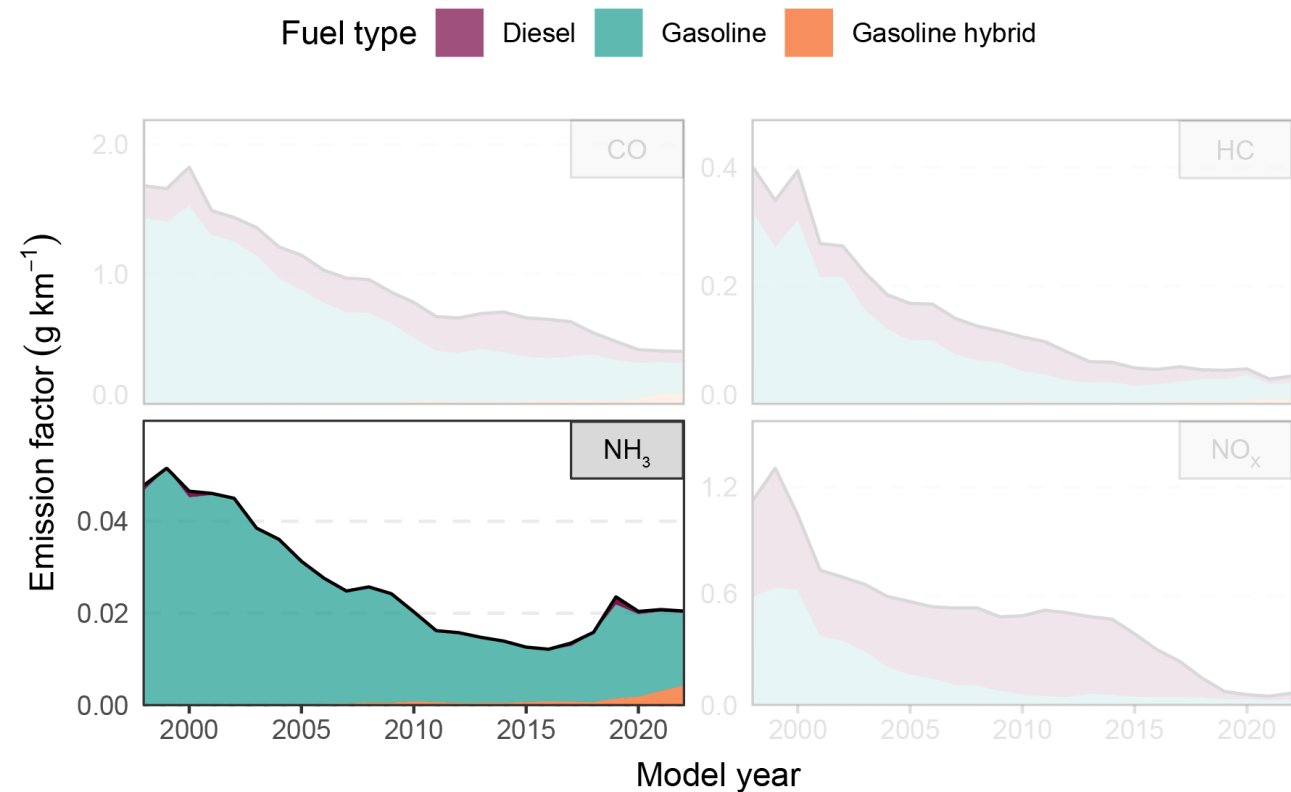
Remote Sensing III



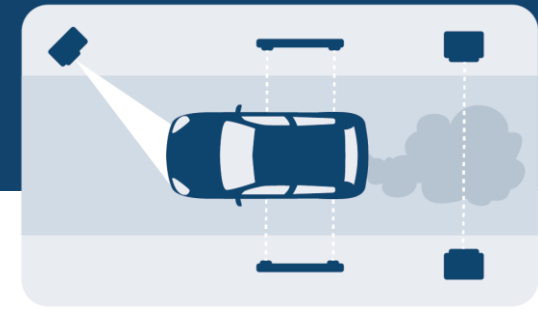
The impact on passenger car emissions associated with the promotion and demise of diesel fuel, [S. Wilson, N. J. Farren, et al., *Environ. Int.*, 2023](#)

Results and Insight

- Average passenger car NH_3 emission factor increases from 2015
- Dominated by the gasoline and gasoline hybrid car contribution
- Result of changes in the vehicle fleet composition (move away from diesel)



Remote Sensing III



The impact on passenger car emissions associated with the promotion and demise of diesel fuel, [S. Wilson, N. J. Farren, et al., *Environ. Int.*, 2023](#)

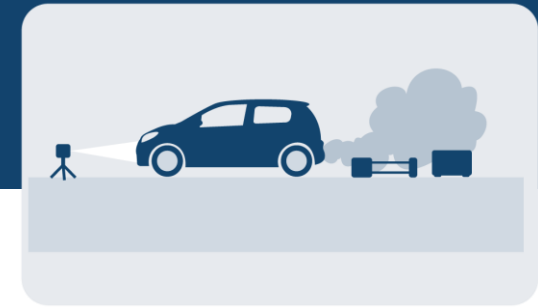


Average car ammonia emission factor **increased** since 2015



Due to changes in the **vehicle fleet** (shift towards gasoline)

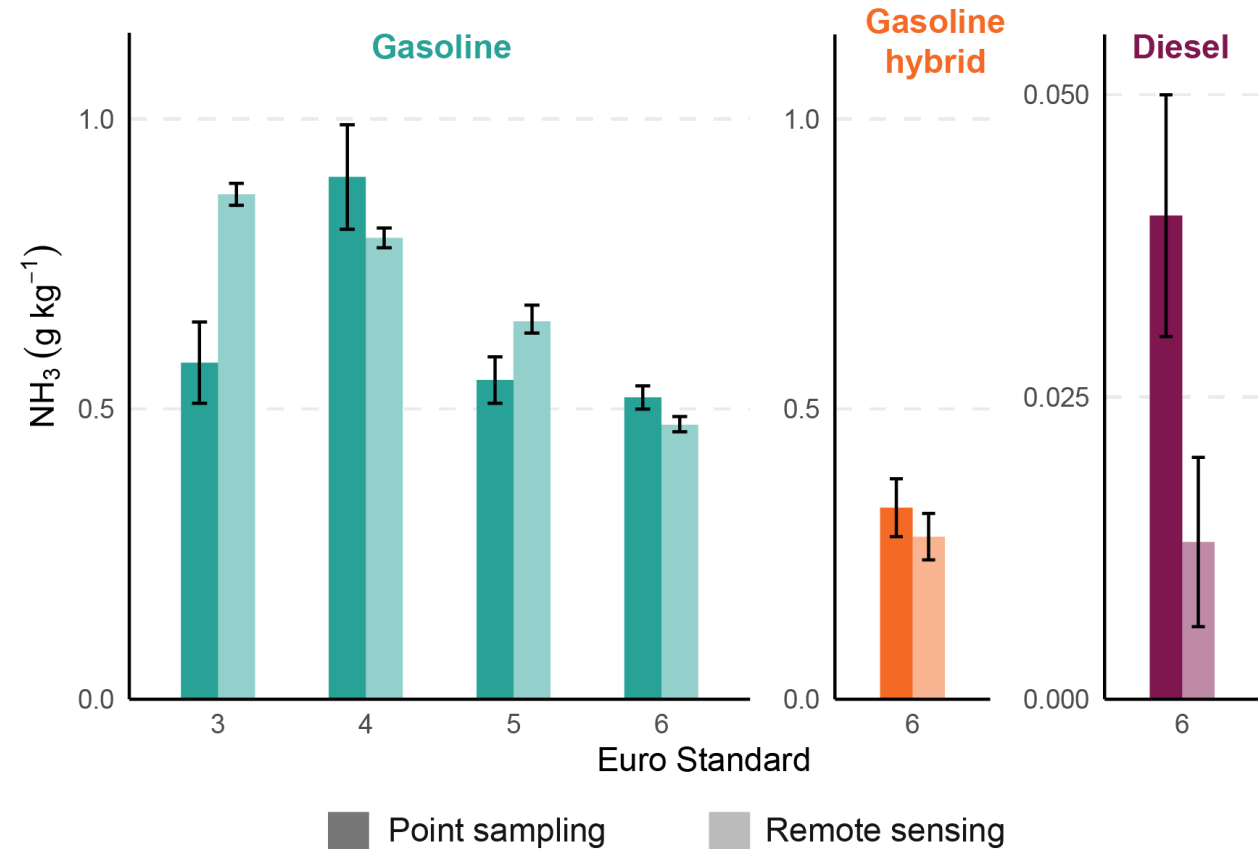
Point Sampling



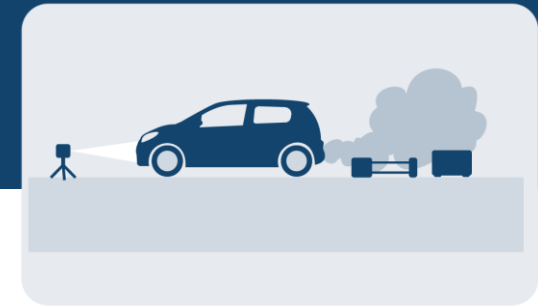
An Ambient Measurement Technique for Vehicle Emission Quantification and Concentration Source Apportionment, N. J. Farren, [S. Wilson](#), et al., *Environ. Sci. Tech.*, **2024**

Results and Insight

- First point sampling NH_3 vehicle emissions measurements (UK)
- NH_3 emission factors reported for passenger cars (shown right)



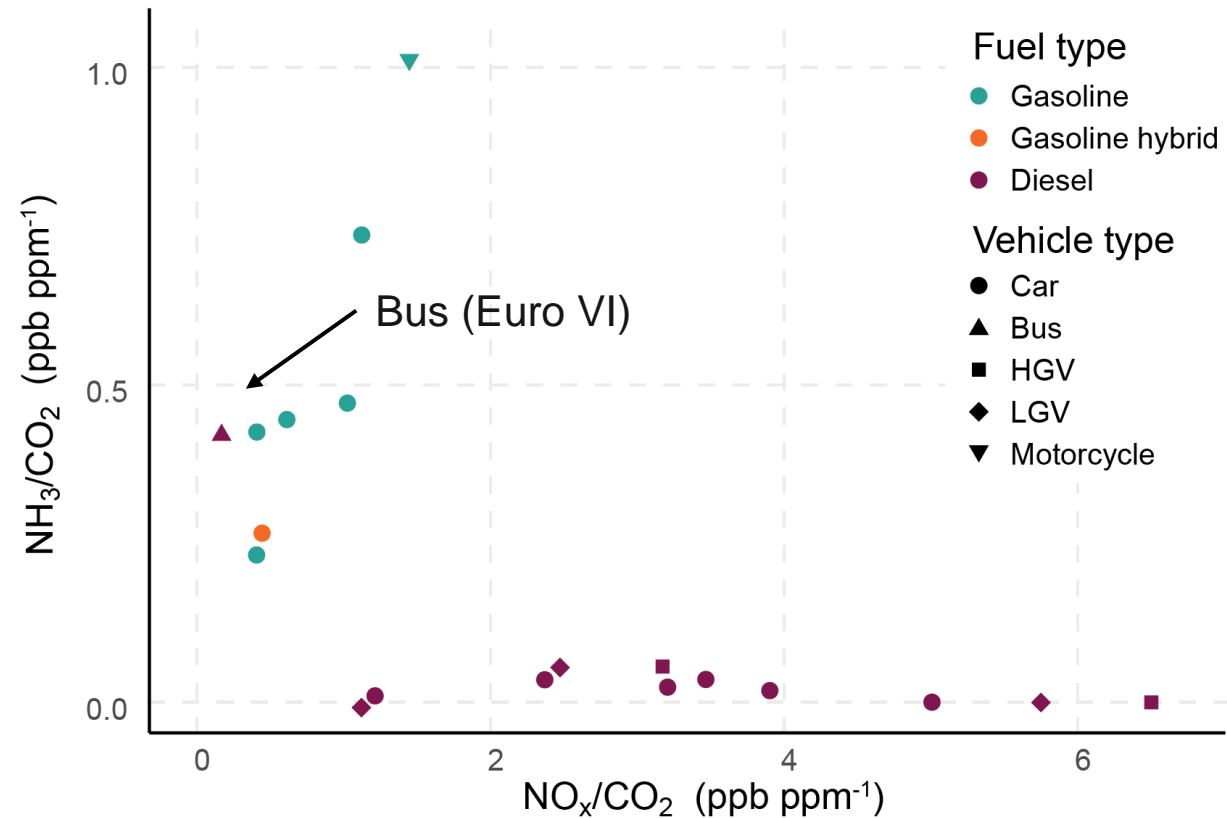
Point Sampling



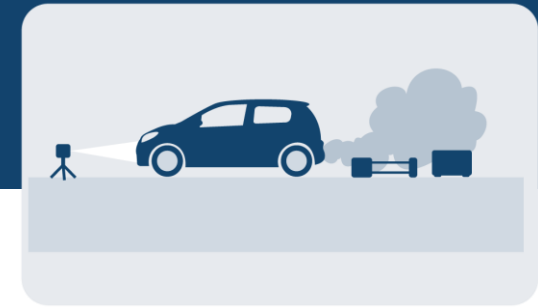
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Results and Insight

- First point sampling NH_3 vehicle emissions measurements (UK)
- NH_3 emission factors reported for passenger cars (shown right)
- High measured NH_3 emissions from buses



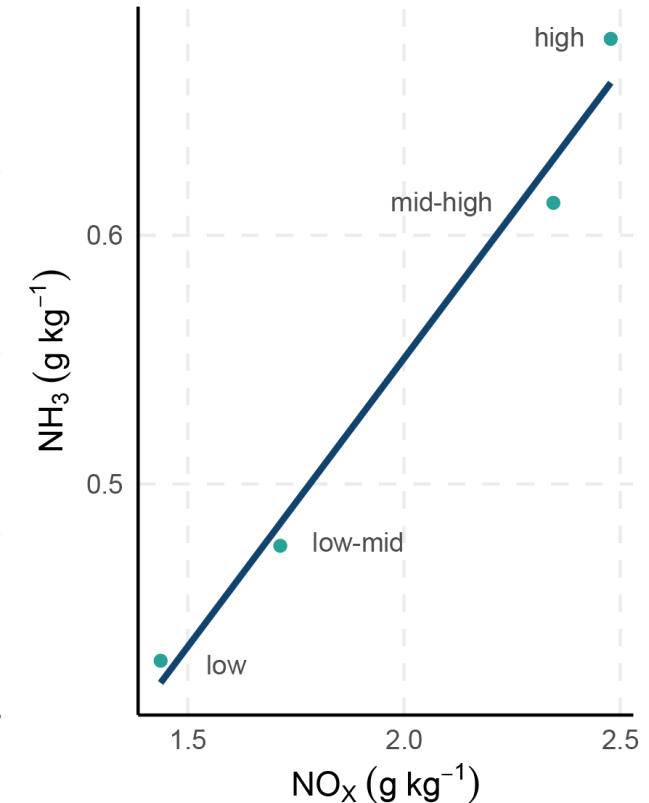
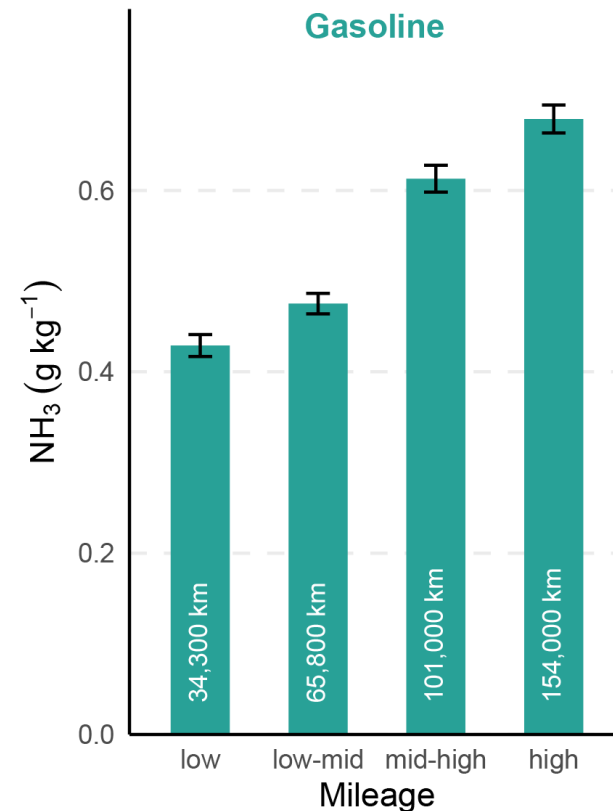
Point Sampling



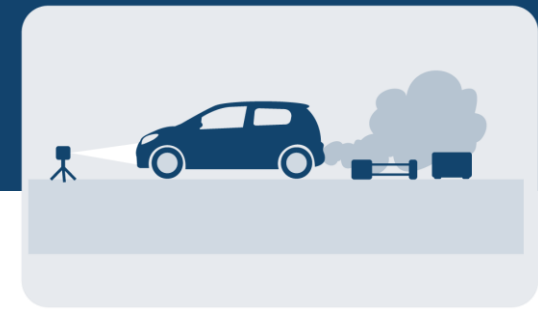
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Results and Insight

- First point sampling NH_3 vehicle emissions measurements (UK)
- NH_3 emission factors reported for passenger cars (shown right)
- High measured NH_3 emissions from buses
- Increasing NH_3 emissions with increasing mileage



Point Sampling



An Ambient Measurement Technique for Vehicle Emission Quantification and Concentration Source Apportionment, N. J. Farren, [S. Wilson](#), et al., *Environ. Sci. Tech.*, **2024**



Point sampling effective for measuring vehicular ammonia



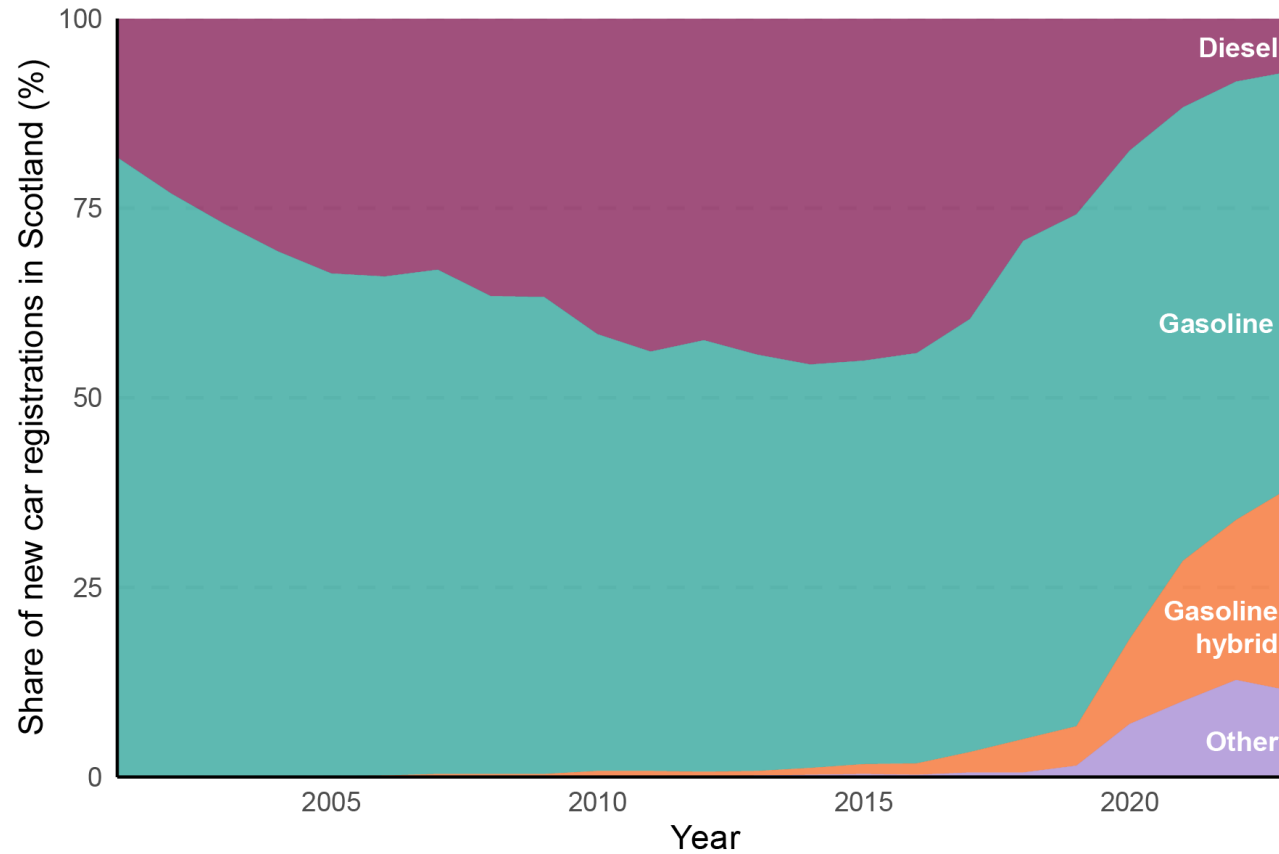
Identified diesel SCR **ammonia slip** from Euro VI buses



4.

Conclusions

Relevance to Scottish Air Quality

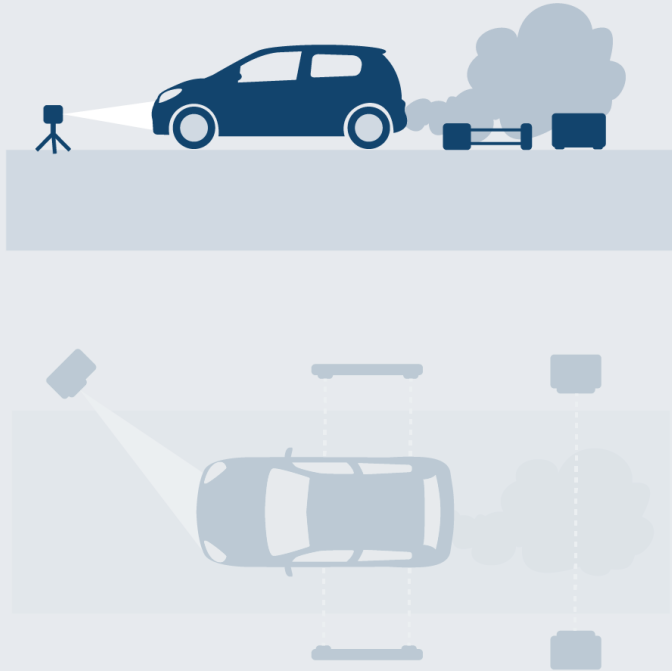


Key Points ¹²

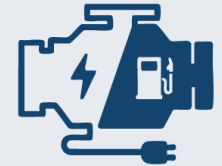
- Share of gasoline/gasoline hybrid vehicles is increasing steadily
- Ammonia emissions from these vehicles will likely increase over time
- To continue improving air quality vehicular ammonia must be considered

Future Work

Real-world NH_3 vehicle emission measurements (**point sampling**)



Focus on **gasoline hybrid** passenger cars (ageing)



Monitor diesel **SCR systems** (HGV + LGV)



Explore impacts of NH_3 on **urban air quality**



Ammonia Emissions from Vehicle Emissions Measurements



Thank you!

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Scottish Air Quality Seminar

26th March 2025

References

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10. Trends in on-road vehicle emissions of ammonia, A. J. Kean et al., *Atmos. Environ.*, **2009**, 43 (8)
11. Vehicle Emissions as an Important Urban Ammonia Source in the United States and China, K. Sun et al., *Environ. Sci. Tech.*, **2016**, 51 (4)
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